

CUNARD LINER LACONIA SUNK

Wilson Addresses Congress

PRESIDENT ASKS POWER TO PLACE U. S.
IN STATE OF "ARMED NEUTRALITY"

Wants Authority to Protect Americans
—Invasion of the Right of Neutrals,
Further Sacrifices of American Lives
and Ships and Blockade of Com-
merce Have Taken Place of Dreaded
"Overt Act"—Asks Power to Take
Whatever Steps are Necessary, In-
cluding Arming of Ships and Con-
voying of Merchantmen—Still Wants
Peace But Not at Price of American
Lives and Rights

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—President Wilson appeared before congress at 1 o'clock this afternoon and asked for authority to place the United States in a state of "armed neutrality" to assist the German submarine menace.

Continued invasion of the plain rights of neutrals on the high seas, further sacrifices of American lives and ships, the intolerable blockade of American commerce—almost as effectual as if the country were at war—have taken the place of a dreaded "overt act," which was expected to shock the world and have forced the president into the next step toward war.

President Wilson, asking to be empowered to take whatever steps are necessary, which includes the arming of ships, the convoying of merchantmen by war vessels or what other steps are necessary, made it plain that he wanted peace, but not at the price of American lives and rights or by driving the American flag from the seas.

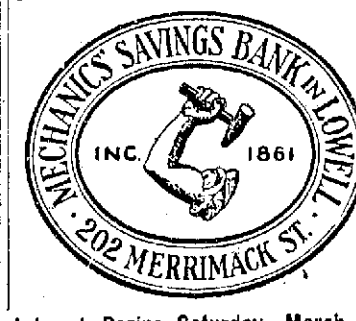
News of the sinking of the Cunard liner Laconia as the president was on his way to address congress. Although without details, its grave possibilities added emphasis to the president's words.

Text of Address
President Wilson spoke as follows:
"Gentlemen of the Congress:
"I have again asked the privilege of addressing you because we are moving through critical times during which it seems to me to be my duty to

keep in close touch with the houses of congress so that neither counsel nor action shall run at cross-purposes between us.

"On the third of February I officially informed you of the sudden and unexpected action of the imperial German government in declaring its intention to disregard the promises it had made to this government in April last and undertake immediate submarine operations against all commerce whether of belligerents or of neutrals, that should seek to approach Great Britain and Ireland, the Atlantic coasts of Europe or the harbors of the eastern Mediterranean and to conduct those operations without regard to the established restrictions of international practice, without regard to any considerations of humanity even, which might interfere with their object. That

The Event of the Season
CONCERT
—BY THE—
BOSTON QUINTET
Under the Auspices of Local Chapter
AMERICAN RED CROSS
Colonial Hall
March 1, at 7.45 P. M.
A limited number of tickets at
Red Cross Headquarters, Middlesex
Building
Morris Plan Bank, Shattuck St.
Board of Trade, Central Block
Lowell Electric Light Corporation,
Market Street
Boy Scout Headquarters, Shattuck St.
A telephone call will reserve your
tickets.



Interest Begins Saturday, March 3

policy was forthwith put into practice. It has now been in active exhibition for nearly four weeks. Its practical results are not fully disclosed. The suffering severely, but not, perhaps, very much more severely than it was already suffering before the first of February, when the new policy of the imperial government was put into operation. We have asked the governments of the other neutral governments to prevent these depredations, but I fear none of them has thought it wise to join us in any common course of action. Our own commerce has suffered, is suffering, rather in apprehension than in fact, because so many of our ships are timidly keeping to their home ports than because American ships have been sunk.

Two American Ships Sunk
Two American vessels have been sunk, the Housatonic and the Lyman M. Law. The case of the Housatonic which was carrying foodstuffs consigned to a London firm, was essentially like the case of the Frye in which, it will be recalled, the German government admitted its liability for damages and the lives of the crew.

Wethern's
—OF—
Boston
NEW STORE, MERRIMACK ST.,
COR. JOHN ST.
Opening Announcement Within a Few Days

CUNARD LINER LACONIA
WITH AMERICANS ON
BOARD SUNK

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 26.—The Cunard line steamship Laconia, of 18,099 tons gross, which sailed from New York Feb. 18 for Liverpool has been sunk.

AMERICANS ON BOARD
NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The Cunard liner Laconia sailed from New York on Feb. 18 with 100 passengers, among whom were 10 or more Americans.

The Laconia was one of the largest vessels of the Cunard fleet, and the largest thus far sunk since the new German submarine warfare was commenced. She registered 18,099 tons, 600 feet long, 71 feet beam and 40

feet depth. She was built in 1911 at Newcastle.

270 SURVIVORS
QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 26.—The survivors of the Laconia are said to number 270. They will be landed tonight.

AMERICAN CONSUL REPORTS
LONDON, Feb. 26, 4:25 p. m.—Wesley Frost, American consul at Queenstown, telegraphed the American embassy here today:
"Cunarder Laconia torpedoed 10:50 Sunday night. Two hundred and seventy-eight survivors landed. Details lacking but known some missing, one dead."

as in the case of the Frye, were safeguarded by reasonable care.

"The case of the Law which was carrying lemon boxes to Palermo disclosed a ruthlessness of method which deserves grave condemnation, but was accompanied by no circumstances which might not have been suspected at any time in connection with the use of the submarine against merchantmen as the German government has used it.

"In sum, therefore, the situation we find ourselves in with regard to the actual conduct of the German submarine warfare against commerce and its effects upon our own ships and people is substantially the same that it was when I addressed you on the third of February, except for the tying up of our shipping in our own ports because of the unwillingness of our ship owners to risk their vessels at sea without insurance or adequate protection and the very serious congestion of our commerce which has resulted, a congestion which is growing rapidly more and more serious every day.

"This, in itself, might presently accomplish, in effect, what the new German submarine orders were meant to accomplish, so far as we are concerned. We can only say, therefore, that the overt act which I have ventured to hope the German com-

manders would in fact avoid has not occurred.

"But while this is happily true, it must be admitted that there have been certain additional indications and expressions of purpose on the part of the German press and the German authorities which have increased rather than lessened the impression that, if our ships and our people are spared it will be because of fortunate circumstances or because the commanders of the German submarines, which they may happen to encounter exercise an unexpected discretion and restraint rather than because of the instructions under which those commanders are acting.

Must Be Prepared
"It would be foolish to deny that the situation is fraught with the gravest possibilities and dangers. No thoughtful

Continued to Page 8

BEST HOME DELIVERY
Is where the carrier deals directly with the subscriber. THE SUN is delivered daily at the homes of residents in Lowell and suburbs by hundreds of "little merchants" who build up their own routes and make their own collections. This is the modern way of delivering newspapers to the home. It is the system used by the BIG papers of the country. Evening papers with big home deliveries cannot handle their editions on time in any other way. Through its several agencies and direct from the office, THE SUN goes into more homes than any other paper in Lowell. By this system of delivery advertisers realize that they get the best service through
THE SUN
Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

COUNTY WILL PAY \$10,000
FOR WORK ON FIRST
ST. EXTENSION

Either today or tomorrow the county commissioners will send an agreement to the city, stating that they will pay up to \$10,000 for work on the first street extension. The city council will have to appropriate the entire cost and will later be reimbursed by the commission. The city will be called upon to pay three-fourths of the cost of sub-grading and the appropriation will amount to between \$30,000 and \$35,000. The total cost of the new roadway will be in the neighborhood of \$70,000, of which the state will pay about \$30,000 for surfacing.

The new highway will extend from Read street to the Draught line.

City Sowers
There are now 119.52 miles of sewers within the city limits. The street department built 1.6 miles of sewer in 1916, or laid \$331.4 feet of pipe. There were 42.8 feet of eight-inch pipe laid; 3590.6 feet of ten-inch pipe; 4191 feet of 12-inch pipe; 21 feet of 24 inch pipe, and enough feet of pipe of smaller measurement to bring the total up to \$331.4.

The work done in 1916 is about the

average, as the department usually builds between one and one-half and two miles of sewers yearly. There also were 19 new catch basins put in and seven track basins. The new catch basins bring the total number in the city up to 833.

The new Woburn street sewer was the biggest job of the year and about 1650 feet of 12-inch pipe were laid there. This sewer runs practically the length of the street and the connections now are all made.

Commissioner Morse said this morning that the completion of the Woburn street job will allow him to put another gang of 15 men at work on the Appleton street sewer very shortly. The work in Appleton street has progressed as far as South street, but with more men available will be pushed much faster.

Unloading Steel
About 125 tons of structural and reinforcing steel in five car loads, for use on the new high school, are being unloaded on the lot in Kirk street. The steel comes from the Concrete Steel Products Co. and the New England Structural Co.

KUT-EL-AMARA
CAPTURED BY
BRITISH

LONDON, Feb. 26, 3:55 p. m.—Kut-el-Amara has been captured from the Turks by the British forces, according to a statement made in the house of commons today by Andrew Bonar Law, member of the British war council.

Mr. Law announced in the house of commons that as a result of the operations on the Tigris front all of the Turkish positions from Sannaiyat to Kut-el-Amara have been secured and

NOTICE, EAGLES!
All members of Lowell Aerie are requested to be present at J. F. O'Donnell & Sons funeral parlors, Market street, this evening at 8:30 o'clock where the exercises for our late brother, Joseph Heavey will be held.
Per order,
CORNELIUS T. O'KEEFE, W. Pres.
JOHN M. HOGAN, Sec.

DIED SUDDENLY ON
BRIDGE STREET

MAN BELIEVED TO BE PHILIP GAFFNEY PASSED AWAY IN STORE

A man believed to be Philip Gaffney and residing in the vicinity of French and John streets, died suddenly this morning in Bridge street. The body was removed to the funeral parlors of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons, where it was viewed by Medical Examiner J. V. Meigs, who pronounced death due to natural causes.

Shortly after seven o'clock this morning Gaffney entered a store in Bridge street and complained of not feeling well. A minute later he dropped to the floor. Dr. Plunkett was summoned, but when he arrived life was extinct. It is not known if the deceased has any relatives in this city or just where he resided. A description of the body follows: Height, 5 feet, 7 inches; weight, 135 pounds; black mustache, dark gray hair. The man wore a brown soft hat, a gray coat and gray trousers, brown vest and low cut russet shoes. Nothing was found in the pockets to disclose the man's identity, but it was stated by the proprietor of the store where death occurred, that the man was Philip Gaffney.

MIDDLESEX
SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST CO.

INTEREST COMMENCES FIRST DAY OF MONTH
4%
LOWELL, MASS.
MERRIMACK & PALMER STS.

No Peace Without Victory
No Peace Without
CO-NATIONALISM
The People's Cause
Have you read it?
Continued on Page 14

— THE —
Auditor's Report
recently made by Chas. C. Baron,
Certified Public Accountant, to the
Trustees of the
**Merrimack River
Savings Bank**
417 MIDDLESEX ST.

shows that the Bank does not own, or have in possession, directly or indirectly, a single dollar's worth of foreclosed mortgage property.

The report further shows that a single loan in arrears in payment of interest. These facts are the best evidence of good management and a clean

Sound Bank
A Good Place for Your Savings
Now Paying 4%
Deposits received in all sums from \$1 to \$1,000

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO

Anarinos

CALLAWAY RAPS ARMY AND NAVY

Says Soldiers at Vera
Cruz Massacred Wo-
men and Children

Turned Guns On Each
Other — Says Press
Hired to Force War

BOSTON, Feb. 26.—One of the most
violent attacks upon the United States

TONIC FOR GROWING GIRLS

Most growing girls need a tonic,
especially during the years when they
are springing up most rapidly and
when their appetites are most fickle.
A diet of tea and candy will ruin any
girl's chances of future happiness. A
plentiful and scientifically correct diet
might meet all requirements but this is
next to impossible. Hence the need
for a tonic. Almost every doctor's
daughter is given a tonic during her
period of rapid growth but because your
daughter does not actually break down
you do not call a doctor and she gets
thin and pale, fidgets so that she can-
not sit still on a chair, eats the wrong
things, eats too fast, gets too little out-
of-door exercise and perhaps faces St.
Vitus' Dance, or a nervous breakdown.
A great responsibility rests on parents
and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the
best and most convenient tonic to aid
them in bringing their daughters to
healthy and happy womanhood. They
supply needed elements to the blood,
and enable it to meet the unusual de-
mands upon it and help to lay a founda-
tion for future health.
The price of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills
is fifty cents per box. Your own drug-
gist sells them or they will be sent on
receipt of price by the Dr. Williams
Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

army and navy ever heard in Boston
was delivered by Congressman Oscar
Callaway of Texas yesterday after-
noon. Before an audience that filled
Tremont Temple, he compared the ma-
rines of Vera Cruz to a lot of drunk-
en sailors who shot into one another
and massacred women and children.
He declared that all the Mexican
soldiers had vacated and that the only
ones killed by the American sailors
and marines in Vera Cruz were 298
women and children. Then the speak-
er depicted other brutalities which he
charged against American soldiers,
and in such manner did he portray
them that the 2998 men and women in
the hall gasped in amazement.
He capped the climax of his attack
by stating that even in peace times
the actions of uniformed soldiers and
sailors disgrace the nation.
Referring to the fact that he was a
southerner, Congressman Callaway
told of Sherman's march to the sea
"rampaging over American territory
and the bodies of American brothers,
burning Atlanta and violating every
law of civilization." He told of out-
rages committed in the Philippines,
charging that American soldiers
forced water through pipes into the
stomachs of natives until they were
bloated to a point of bursting.
His address, in part was as fol-
lows:

Now Up to Congress

"Had we not better stand by our-
selves than stand by the president?
Was this government founded on the
idea that each of us should stand by
somebody else or stand by our own
interests and judgment? The president
has gone to the end of his tether and
now it is left for congress to act and
not the president.

"Let me tell you something about
our American congress. It is a weak-
ness barometer. It will do what the
American people wants it to do just
as President Wilson wants to do what
the bulk of American people would
have him do. The president has said
that he would rather know what peo-
ple are thinking at their quiet mo-
ments than the conversation in cloak
rooms and corridors of congress.

"Let us take him at his word. The
newspapers are telling him what to
do. They are not perfectly honest.
When the Housatonic was sunk a
week or two ago, didn't the Boston
and New York papers come out with
flaring headlines that the overt act
had happened and that an American
had been killed? Do you remember the
small statement appearing later that a
little colored gentleman had been
killed and that he was not an Ameri-
can?"

"When I see all newspapers heading
in one direction for war it causes me
to pause and consider. Newspapers are
run to make money and they cannot
run unless they make money. Frank
Munsey, who controls the New York
Sun, is one of the biggest owners of

steel and also of war bonds. James
Gordon Bennett of the New York Her-
ald lives in Paris, where all his in-
terests are centered.

"The munition makers hired 12
newspaper men to come to New York
and work out a scheme to control the
press. By a process of elimination it
was found necessary to use money to
subsidize but 25 newspapers. The oth-
ers were already clamoring for war
because of interests of their own.

"I don't intend that I shall be misled
by the newspapers. A munition maker
testified before me that if the Euro-
pean war should end it would lower
his stocks to normal unless another
war could be developed. He hoped to
develop this market with America.
The munition makers are pushing
their business and looking to the fi-
nancial end just as the newspapers are
doing.

People War-Crazed

"There are some people who are
war crazed, and I for one would be
willing that they should go over and
enlist with the allies or the Teutons
and get their stomachs full. You
know that about standing
by the president is something that
back in history our fathers fought to
get rid of.

"If the Germans keep on standing
by their kaiser as they have done in
the past two years they will all be
buried. The old idea of standing by
someone was shot to pieces in 1776
and now they are trying to revive it.
You never saw any mob in your life
that had any sense of patriotism or
bravery.

"What can we accomplish by going
to war? The allies claim to have com-
plete control of the seas, and can we
add anything to that? The credit of
the allies is still good and they have
got all the men they can concentrate
on the battle lines. The only thing
we can do is to underwrite with the
blood of American citizens the bonds
that have been bought from the allies.
And we can part with American prin-
ciples and traditions.

No Lawful War

"Talk about the freedom of this
country! Should the espionage bill now
before congress go into effect a man
couldn't talk at all unless it suited
the military authorities. No czar
could be given more authority and yet
they say that we are a great people.

"The army never acts in accordance
with law. No war has been waged in
accordance with law. I am a southerner,
and I think you are a splendid
people up here in the north. But do
you remember Sherman's march to the
sea, when he burned Atlanta and vi-
olated every law of civilization? He
answered his critics by saying that
war is hell.

"In the Philippines they put pipes
into the natives and forced them full
of water, calling it the water cure.
How many Mexican soldiers were shot

SIX WEEKS TO EASTER SUNDAY

Order Your Clothes Now and

SAVE MONEY

TAKE THEM WHEN YOU ARE READY

LYNCH & LOTTO

The Tailors Who Make Their Own Clothes

The only low price Tailors in Lowell who have signed a contract with organized labor giving their men a 48 hour week and 15 per cent. increase in wages, no work to be done in sweat shops, no work to be done by sub-contract or no work sent out. Sanitary conditions to be perfect at all times, and to be approved by the committee in charge. In return for these concessions the labor unions guarantee to give us skilled help at all times. We were the first Tailors in New England to sign this agree-ment—we are the people who broke the strike sending 5000 tailors all over New England back to work at a living wage.

OUR FULL SPRING LINE OF WOOLENS ARE READY FOR YOUR INSPECTION OF WORSTEDS, SERGES, UN-FINISHED WORSTEDS, SCOTCH CHEVIOTS IN PLAIDS AND STRIPES, FANCY MIXTURES—SUITABLE FOR THE MOST FASTIDIOUS MEN, FAST COLOR AND ALL WOOL, NICELY TRIMMED THROUGHOUT, CUT AND TRIED ON BY MR. LOTTO (AND BELIEVE US, HE CAN DESIGN A SUIT THAT HAS THE LINES WHERE THEY ARE NEEDED

MADE TO MEASURE

Suit STYLE, FIT,
WORKMANSHIP
GUARANTEED.

\$15 up

OR MONEY
REFUNDED

Overcoat

126 MERRIMACK ST.

OPEN EVENINGS TILL 9 O'CLOCK

A.G. POLLARD CO.

—THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE—

Beginning Today, Monday SPECIAL SALE OF Damaged Sheets and Pillow Cases

Only 150 Dozen Damaged Sheets, in sizes 54x90,
68x90, 72x90, and a few larger sizes; by a
little mending these sheets can be made very
serviceable. All at one price, 3 for \$1.00
Only 40 Dozen Extra Quality Sheets, size 81x90,
made with three and one inch hem, subject
to slightly broken selvages, regular price
\$1.09. Sale price.....85c

End Centre Aisle

PILLOW CASES

150 dozen, size 36x36, made of "Dwight
Anchor" cotton, regular price 20c. Sale
price.....15c
100 dozen, size 42x36, made of Fruit-of-the-
Loom and Pequot Cotton, regular price 25c
each. Sale price.....19c

Palmer Street

BASEMENT BARGAIN DEPARTMENT

Dry Goods Section

Palmer Street

MERCERIZED TABLE DAMASK—36 pieces of
fine mercerized table damask in a large
assortment of new patterns; a 50c quality,
but being slightly damaged by water we offer
the lot at.....35c Yard

HUCK TOWELS—100 dozen huck towels, slightly
soiled by water, extra heavy quality and
good size, 12 1/2c value, at
10c Each, 3 for 25c

DOMET FLANNEL—Bleached domet flannel, rem-
nants, good quality, with nice soft nap, 10c
value on the piece, at.....7c Yard

BLEACHED DOMET FLANNEL—36 inches wide
bleached domet, extra heavy quality, usually
sold on the piece at 15c yard, at
12 1/2c Yard

FINE CAMBRIC—About 30 pieces of fine cam-
bric, 36 inches wide, slightly soiled on the
selvage, a 15c value, at.....12 1/2c Yard

PILLOW TUBING—Three cases of pillow tubing
in large remnants, 36, 40 and 42 inches wide;
excellent quality, worth 18c to 22c yard.
Only.....15c Yard

UNBLEACHED COTTON—One bale of the best
quality unbleached cotton, 36 inches wide
in large remnants, 15c value on the piece,
at.....10c Yard

ART DENIM—2000 yards of art denim, remnants,
36 inches wide, best quality, good colors,
35c value on the piece, at.....25c Yard

BED SPREADS—200 heavy crochet bed spreads,
full size in several new designs, \$2.00 value,
at.....\$1.45 Each

MEN'S FURNISHING SECTION

Palmer Street

MEN'S SILK HOSE

AT 25c A PAIR

Black, white, tan, pearl gray and blue, heavy
quality, with double soles and high spliced
heel and toe, 30c value, at.....25c a Pair

MEN'S SOFT HATS at \$1.50—For \$2.00 and
\$2.50 value—60 dozen men's soft hats,
factory samples in the latest shapes and the
new colors, hats usually sold at \$2 and
\$2.50, at.....\$1.59 Each

MEN'S FLANNEL SHIRTS—Made of plain and
twill wool flannel, gray and khaki colors,
Congress make, \$2.00 value, at \$1.50 Each

when Vera Cruz was taken? The 200
Mexicans killed were women and chil-
dren. Our troops shot into one another
like a lot of drunken sailors. Even in
times of peace the soldiers in uniform
cannot act decent."

"If we go into war now we will vi-
olate every rule of civilized warfare,
both human and divine. Our soldiers
will act as they always have acted
ever since there were any soldiers.
The police are trained to control, or-
ganize and govern people. Soldiers
are trained to kill people.

"There is a lot of talk about Ger-
man atrocities. All the German people
I ever knew were law-abiding, pains-
taking and studious folks. Just as
good as English people in spirit and
action. All people are the same until
they are organized into a mob.
"Aren't we a set of beasts? After
sending out a message to Europe ur-
ging nations there to forgive one an-
other and overlook the blows struck
and the lives lost and make peace,
here we are agitating for war our-
selves. We fear that we will be called
weaklings if we refuse to allow citi-
zens on ships, when England set a
precedent in the Russian-Japanese
war by refusing passports to her citi-
zens."

"Would it be an example of bravery
and courage to unite with four or five
against one, as in the present trouble,
when that one cannot get out from
beneath and no-one can get in. It is
like a hanging where every one in the
mob wants to get a whack at the
victim. Of course, an injury has been
done, but why not be as big-nation-
ally as individually.

"Let the American people speak out
and set a Christian example. Christ
suffered and bled the way for a re-
ligion that has spread the world over.
Don't let congress think that news-
papers portray popular opinion and for
God's sake keep these meetings going."

CALLS IT INSULT

Sedgwick Replies to Callaway's Attack
on President and the Army and
Navy

The following statement was issued
by Alexander Sedgwick of the Ameri-
can Rights league following the Tre-
mont Temple mass meeting at which
Congressman Oscar Callaway of Tex-
as spoke:

"It was an insult to the intelligence
and patriotism of the Massachusetts
people who believe in supporting
President Wilson in our nation's crisis
to invite Callaway to speak here. Cal-
loway is notoriously a white flag col-
or and it was because he failed ut-
terly to back up the president and in-
crease the latter's moves for prepared-
ness that the people of his district
in Texas retired him to private life in
the last election.

"On March 4, Callaway, having been
tried and found wanting, will return
to his home town of Comanche and go
to work. He is a native of Harmony
Hill, Rusk county, Texas, and if there
is anything in a name perhaps that
will account for his extreme pacifist
ideas. He will be succeeded in con-
gress by a man who ran on the slogan
'Support President Wilson and
'Preparedness,' and it is therefore evi-
dent that we must not judge the other
people of the district by what Cal-
loway has said and done.

"He declared in his address today
that the only Mexicans killed by our
forces when Vera Cruz was captured
were 300 women and children and that
our troops 'shot into each other like
a lot of drunken sailors.' It is such
statements as these that have discred-

ited Callaway. He reiterated again the
declaration made in the house that the
editorial policy of 25 of our great
newspapers had been bought by the
munition manufacturers for the pur-
pose of forcing us into war. Callaway
was offered \$1000 to name one such
paper and he failed to do so. This of-
fer still holds good and either he is
falsifying or he does not need the
money.

"Callaway has fought preparedness
from the first. He is a 'little navy'
man and steadily opposed the battle-
ship program and favored a limited
number of submarines. He voted
against tabling the McLeMORE resolu-
tion warning Americans off merchant
ships of the belligerent nations, which
was a vote for the resolution and in
favor of Germany. He recently offered
a resolution providing for a referen-
dum on the question of war and op-
posed the pending revenue bill on the
ground that if the preparedness pro-
gram should be cut down, additional
taxes would not be necessary.

"Callaway, on Feb. 12, was one of
three democrats who voted against
giving the president power to com-
mandeer munition factories and ship-
yards in time of war. The other two
were Buchanan and Bailey. All three
were pacifists, all three voted against
the president on the McLeMORE resolu-
tion and all three have been defeat-
ed for re-election.

"Five resolutions, possibly more,
have been introduced in the house
calling for a peace referendum. Cal-
loway, Buchanan and Bailey have each
introduced such a resolution and Bu-
chanan is under indictment for urging
workmen in the munition factories to
strike. Callaway was one of the 22
congressmen to vote against the navy
appropriation bill the other day.

"Thank heaven we will soon hear
the last of him as a congressman."

I can
enjoy myself again since
Resinol Soap
cleared my skin

When my complexion was red, rough
and pimply, I was so ashamed that I
never had any fun. I imagined that
people avoided me—perhaps they did?
But the regular use of Resinol Soap—
with a little Resinol Ointment just at
first—has given me back my clear,
healthy skin. I wish you'd try it!

Resinol Soap and Resinol
Ointment are sold by all drug-
gists. For samples of each,
free, write to Dept. R.N., Resi-
nol, Baltimore, Md.

GERMANS YIELD TO BRITISH ON WIDE FRONT

LONDON, Feb. 26.—For 24 hours the
Germans have been yielding ground
along the Ancre, the British headquar-
ters in France reported last night.

Meeting with little real resistance,
British troops have pushed forward on
a wide front, occupying Serre village
and several other important points fur-
ther east.

Reuters' correspondent at British
headquarters in France sends a de-
scription of how the Germans are
shortening their line in the Ancre val-
ley.

He says the decision to do this was
evidently arrived at some time ago, and
that the recent German activity during
the long spell of hard frost meant that
the Germans were stealthily withdraw-
ing their guns and breaking up their
ammunition dumps near the front line.

The correspondent adds that appar-
ently the German retreat was carried
on to a depth of about three miles, and
that they employed obstructive tactics
without resorting to rear-guard's ac-
tions.

The British successfully raided last
Saturday evening east of Vierstraat
(Belgium) on a front of 500 yards. The
troops remained in the German trench-
es for an hour, inflicted heavy casual-
ties, destroyed several dugouts, a mine
shaft and three machine guns, and
captured 55 prisoners and one machine
gun. The British also entered the ene-
my's positions during the night east
of Arrancourt.

A German raiding party reached
British trenches early yesterday morn-
ing east of Ypres under cover of a
heavy bombardment. The raiders were
immediately ejected with loss.

That the British forces operating in
Asiatik Turkey have retained their
gains of the week in the Samatani
positions is shown by the official com-
munication issued by the war office
last night.

In the first assault on Thursday the
British captured two lines of trenches
on a frontage of 450 yards and to a
depth of 100 yards.

seriously, and three are missing as a
result of a snow slide Saturday night
at the North Star mine, near Hailey,
Idaho.

FOUR KILLED AND THREE INJURED IN TRAIN WRECK

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 26.—Four per-
sons were killed and three injured, two
seriously, in a wreck on the New York
division of the Pennsylvania railroad
near Bristol at 2:30 a. m. yesterday.
All the victims except J. R. Kings, an
engineer, were attendants in charge of
two cars of thoroughbred horses. Seven
of the horses were killed.
Ten cars of west-bound freight train
were derailed and an east-bound train
of express cars crashed into the wreck-
age, demolishing a number of the
freight cars, some loaded with rolls
of paper.

The wreckage caught fire and a score
of freight and express cars were de-
stroyed. All four tracks were blocked
for 12 hours.

If you want help at home or in your
business, try The Sun "Want" column.

END INDIGESTION OR STOMACH PAIN IN FIVE MINUTES

"Pape's Diapepsin" Makes Sick,
Sour, Gassy Stomachs
Feel Fine

Time it! In five minutes your sour,
acid stomach feels fine. No indiges-
tion, heartburn, or belching of gas, no
eructations of undigested food, no
dizziness, bloating, foul breath or
headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its
speed in sweetening upset stomachs.
It is the surest, quickest, and most
certain stomach antidote in the whole
world and besides, it is harmless.
Millions of men and women now
eat their favorite foods without fear
—they know Pape's Diapepsin will
save them from such misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large
bottle of Pape's Diapepsin from
any drug store and put your
stomach right. Don't keep on being
miserable—life is too short—you are
not here long, so make your stay
agreeable. Eat what you like and
enjoy it, without dread of acid fer-
mentation in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your
home anyway. Should one of the
family eat something which doesn't
agree with them, or in case of an
attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gas-
tritis or stomach derangement due
to fermentation and acidity, at day-
time or during the night, it is handy
to have the quickest, surest relief
known.

BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 26.—Five men
were instantly killed, 15 injured, some

known.

h. varicoele, stricture, pile
hemorrhoids, ulcers and prosta
A WITHOUT THE KNIFE. I
my methods of treatment
ES REASONABLE. Lowell
Central street, Hours, Wedne
d Saturday 2-4, 7-8. Consult

GREAT PROSPERITY IN MATHEWS TO PARADE ON THE PHILIPPINES

ST. PATRICK'S DAY

MANILA, P. I., Feb. 25. (Correspondence of the Associated Press).—Though the Philippines have no war munition factories and no vast plants for the supply of belligerent Europe with its needs, the year 1916 saw an era of remarkable prosperity in the islands. There were several causes for this. Chief of them was agricultural prosperity. The demand for sugar was high. A subordinate cause was the fact that the threatened exodus of Americans, due to greater Filipino control, did not materialize, or at least, materialized to a very slight degree. Many Americans, taking advantage of the situation, have given way in the government to Filipinos, but some proportion of them have elected to remain in the islands and the places of many of those who have said good-bye to the islands, have been filled by new arrivals establishing themselves in business here.

Agriculture, bumper crops are reported. Rice, the staple food of the Philippines, is abundant. All the rice-growing sections, favored by good weather, have produced almost bumper crops. The dearth of workers, however, produced by the government quarantine, has been a handicap but has only made the harvest slightly less abundant. There will be need this year of rice imports from Saigon and Japan as there always is, but there will be a decrease in the use of rice in the islands, and the money thus saved will go to the prosperity of the islands.

The hemp producers who in 1915, suffered under the combined cloud of decreased demand because of the war, and decreased crop, because of heavy storms the year before, have been, during 1916, extended to their limit in supplying the world demand at high prices. The output has not been the best on record but it has been excellent and it has secured record prices. In the hemp provinces, it is no uncommon sight to see a lowly peasant hemp grower walk into a store, and give twenty peso bills to pay for his purchase. A twenty peso bill to such a man in previous years was more a matter of hearsay than a tangible reality.

Prices Broke All Records

Short crops for two years in the tobacco regions were followed the past year by a crop little below normal. Foreign and local demand for Philippine tobacco has never been so insistent and prices broke all records. A quasi-corner in Philippine tobacco helped the upward movement of prices, but the growers charged the prosperity of the tobacco to the prices.

The Manila cigar, heretofore, exported almost as much to Europe as to the United States, faced a dismal future when the war cut off the European demand. But that future is being changed very rapidly. During 1916, the United States purchased 14,000,000 Manila cigars, an increase of 70 per cent over the previous year, and more than 90 per cent more than in 1914. The government collected in the internal revenue on these 14,000,000 cigars 10 per cent more than in the year 1915.

This increase in the cigar exportations was reflected in increased prosperity for the cigar manufacturer in some instances.

The average price obtained for Philippine cigars in the United States was higher than in 1915. Manufacturers of the finer grades of cigars have viewed the increased export with grave alarm. They declare that it means that the Philippine cigar has been definitely established in the American market, and that the American cigar makers have ceased advertising their cigars in the states as "Philippine" for this reason, and are using only their standard factory names. A plan is afoot now to secure a combination of factories to prevent the cheapening of the better grades of Philippine cigars in the American market.

Last year saw also a fine crop in the sugar provinces of the islands and excellent prices for the market. The Philippine sugar industry is still in a primitive state because of the lack of modern sugar plants. Many plans are afoot for the erection of central mills but few have been brought to realization. There are no sugar refineries in the islands. The few planters who have the advantage of central and modern machinery have had a wonderful year. Several companies, on the verge of bankruptcy because of the depression of the market, have pulled themselves out of the slough and will pay dividends, reaching in some cases to 40 per cent.

Notable Financial Success

Coconut planters, with high prices for copra, also made a notable financial success during the year. Under which had at one time seemed a menace to insular trees, has been wiped out and favorable weather aided the planters as much as high prices. There are only two plants of any size manufacturing coconut oil in the islands, and their initiative has been well rewarded by their profits during the past year.

Last year saw also tremendous strides in an industry which had heretofore been in its infancy—embroidery and lace. The closing of the European market for American buyers caused a boom in the local industry. At least four big American houses have opened branch manufacturing in Manila, and each month sees a big increase in em-

Preserve Mobilization Posters

PARIS, February 25.—A glass plate has been mysteriously and almost unnoticed to the wall of the building of No. 1 Rue Royale, covering one of the mobilization posters of the war. The poster of the obviously is to preserve the poster in the position in which it was placed two and a half years ago, as a souvenir of the profoundly moving days of the outbreak of war. The poster had related an incident of the war, and was removed as soon as the day it was posted upon the wall. The person who took the initiative and the workman who executed the job are still anonymous.

C. H. HANSON & CO. Inc. Auctioneers

Office Salesrooms, Shops and Stables, Rock Street. Phone: 151, 8713

SPECIAL CONSIGNMENT

FOR OUR

Thursday Sale, Mar. 1, 1917

PROMPTLY AT 10.30 O'CLOCK

ONE CARLOAD OF HORSES

Good best acclimated workers, weighing from 1200 to 1600 lbs. each. This is one of the best lots of secondhand horses we ever offered at public sale. We will also have for this sale many other good, useful, driving and work horses, harnesses and wagons. It's time now to buy for your spring and summer work. They are hard to find now. In a short time it will be harder.

DEATHS

BROWN—Raymond E. Brown died at the home of his father, Daniel P. Brown, 81 Ellis street, yesterday, at the age of 4 years, 7 months and 13 days.

HEAVEY—Joseph E. Heavey, a well known young man, died yesterday at his home, 15 Appleton street, at the age of 36 years and 23 days. He was employed as foreman at the plant of W. H. Bingham Co. and was a member of the Lowell Athletic Club. He leaves his wife, Mary, and three children, Charles Edwin, Harry C. and Edwin F. Lee, and one daughter, Mrs. Fred Hale. The body was taken to the rooms of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

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FUNERALS

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Wilson Asks Congress For Authority

BIG LINER WITH AMERICANS ON BOARD SUNK

PRESIDENT WANTS TO PLACE U. S. IN STATE OF "ARMED NEUTRALITY"

Wants Authority to Protect Americans—Invasion of the Right of Neutrals, Further Sacrifices of American Lives and Ships and Blockade of Commerce Have Taken Place of Dreaded "Overt Act"—Asks Power to Take Whatever Steps are Necessary, Including Arming of Ships and Convoys of Merchantmen—Still Wants Peace But Not at Price of American Lives and Rights

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—President Wilson appeared before congress at 1 o'clock this afternoon and asked for authority to place the United States in a state of "armed neutrality" to assist the German submarine menace.

Continued invasion of the plain rights of neutrals on the high seas, further sacrifices of American lives and ships, the intolerable blockade of American commerce—almost as effective as if the country were at war—have taken the place of a dreaded "overt act," which was expected to shock the world—and have forced the president into the next step toward war.

President Wilson, asking to be empowered to take whatever steps are necessary, which includes the arming of ships, the conveying of merchantmen by war vessels or what other steps are necessary, made it plain that he wanted peace, but not at the price of American lives and rights or by driving the American flag from the seas.

News of the sinking of the Cunard liner Laconia with Americans aboard was received here as the president was on his way to address congress. Although without details, its grave possibilities added emphasis to the president's words.

Asks Sufficient Credit

Devotedly expressing the hope that it would not become necessary to "put armed force into action," the president specifically asked for authority to supply American merchant ships with defensive arms "with the means of using them" and to "employ

any other instrumentalities" as well as a "sufficient credit" to enable him to provide "adequate means of protection."

This without being specifically in terms was a request for the use of the army and navy and the necessary money to make them effective.

Rights of Humanity

Behind the rights of Americans, the president declared, he was thinking of the rights of humanity, but thought it all, he proclaimed to the world a policy of peace. If peace be possible. He disclaimed thinking of war or steps that might lead to it, and declared that the American people wanted to exercise none but the rights of peace.

"No course of my choosing or of theirs," said he, "will lead to war. War can come only by the willful

act and aggression of others."

Delivered Without Applause

The president's address was delivered without applause.

From republicans and democrats who have been pressing for forward action in the situation there were vigorous nods of approval. The element classed as pacifists and those who are accounted as sympathizers with them in some degree, heard the address in silence, and when it was over, refrained from expressions, saying they were "thinking."

To the very end of the address there was no applause but when it was concluded there was a storm of cheering and handclapping.

Senator Stone said administration leaders had not yet definitely decided whether the legislation the president asks would originate in the house or senate. A bill rather than a resolution combining a grant of authority and the appropriation, probably will be drawn.

Text of Address

President Wilson spoke as follows: "Gentlemen of the Congress: I have again asked the privilege of addressing you because we are moving through critical times during

CUNARD LINER LACONIA TORPEDOED AND SUNK WITHOUT WARNING

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 26.—The Cunard line steamship Laconia, of 18,099 tons gross, which sailed from New York Feb. 18 for Liverpool has been sunk.

270 SURVIVORS
QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 26.—The survivors of the Laconia are said to number 270. They will be landed tonight.

AMERICAN CONSUL REPORTS
LONDON, Feb. 26, 4:25 p. m.—Wesley Frost, American consul at Queenstown, telegraphed the American embassy here today: "Cunard Laconia torpedoed 10:50 Sunday night. Two hundred and

seventy-eight survivors landed. Details lacking but known some missing, one dead."

TORPEDOED WITHOUT WARNING
LONDON, Feb. 26, 4:26 p. m.—It is stated authentically that the Laconia was torpedoed without warning.

20 AMERICANS IN CREW
NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The British passenger liner Laconia, one of the biggest vessels of the Cunard fleet, reported sunk Sunday night by a German submarine, sailed from this port on Feb. 18 for Liverpool. On board when she was torpedoed were 33 first and 42

Continued to page ten

which it seems to me to be my duty to keep in close touch with the houses of congress so that neither counsel nor action shall run at cross-purposes between us.

"On the third of February I officially informed you of the sudden and unexpected action of the Imperial German government in declaring its intention to disregard the promises it had made to this government in April

last and undertake immediate submarine operations against all commerce whether of belligerents or of neutrals. That should seek to approach Great Britain and Ireland, the Atlantic coasts of Europe or the harbors of the eastern Mediterranean and to conduct those operations without regard to the established restrictions of international practice, without regard to any considerations of humanity even, which might interfere with their object. That policy was forthwith put into practice. It has now been in active exhibition for nearly four weeks. Its practical results are not fully disclosed. The commerce of other neutral nations is suffering severely, but not, perhaps, very much more severely than it was already suffering before the first of February, when the new policy of the Imperial government was put into operation. We have asked the co-operation of the other neutral gov-

MIDDLESEX
SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST CO.



LOWELL, MASS.
MERRIMACK & PALMER STS.

BEST HOME DELIVERY

Is where the carrier deals directly with the subscriber. THE SUN is delivered daily at the homes of residents in Lowell and suburbs by hundreds of "little merchants" who build up their own routes and make their own collections. This is the modern way of delivering newspapers to the home. It is the system used by the BIG papers of the country. Evening papers with big home deliveries cannot handle their editions on time in any other way. Through its several agencies and direct from the office, THE SUN goes into more homes than any other paper in Lowell. By this system of delivery advertisers realize that they get the best service through

THE SUN

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

COUNTY WILL PAY \$10,000 FOR WORK ON FIRST ST. EXTENSION

Either today or tomorrow the county commissioners will send an agreement to the city, stating that they will pay up to \$10,000 for work on the first street extension. The city council will have to appropriate the entire cost and will later be reimbursed by the commission. The city will be called upon to pay three-fourths of the cost of sub-grading and the appropriation will amount to between \$30,000 and \$35,000. The total cost of the new roadway will be in the neighborhood of \$70,000, of which the state will pay about \$30,000 for surfacing.

The new highway will extend from Read street to the Dracut line.

City Savers

There are now 119.52 miles of sewers within the city limits. The street department built 1.6 miles of sewer in 1916, or laid 8331.4 feet of pipe. There were 42.8 feet of eight-inch pipe laid; 3590.6 feet of ten-inch pipe; 4191 feet of 12-inch pipe; 21 feet of 24 inch pipe, and enough feet of pipe of smaller measurement to bring the total up to 8331.4.

The work done in 1916 is about the

average, as the department usually builds between one and one-half and two miles of sewers yearly. There were 19 new catch basins put in and seven track basins. The new catch basins bring the total number in the city up to 3839.

The new Woburn street sewer was the biggest job of the year and about 1650 feet of 12-inch pipe were laid there. This sewer runs practically the length of the street and the connections now are all made.

Commissioner Morse said this morning that the completion of the Woburn street job will allow him to put another gang of 18 men at work on the Appleton street sewer very shortly. The work in Appleton street has progressed as far as South street, but with more men available will be pushed much faster.

Unloading Steel

About 125 tons of structural and reinforcing steel in five car loads for use on the new high school, are being unloaded on the lot in Kirk street. The steel comes from the Concrete Steel Products Co. and the New England Structural Co.

ernments to prevent these depredations, but I fear none of them has thought it wise to join us in any common course of action. Our own commerce has suffered, is suffering, rather in apprehension than in fact, rather because so many of our ships are timidly keeping to their home ports than because American ships have been sunk.

Two American Ships Sunk

Two American vessels have been sunk, the Houstonian and the Lynan M. Law. The case of the Houstonian was carrying foodstuffs consigned to a London firm, was essentially like the case of the Frye in which, it will be recalled, the German government admitted its liability for damages and the lives of the crew, as in the case of the Frye were safeguarded by reasonable care. "The case of the Law which was carrying lemon box slaves to Palermo disclosed a ruthlessness of method which deserves grave condemnation, but was accompanied by no circumstances which might not have been suspected at any time in connection with the use of the submarine against merchantmen as the German government has used it.

"In sum, therefore, the situation

NOTICE, EAGLES!

All members of Lowell Acie are requested to be present at J. P. O'Brien & Sons funeral parlors, Market street, this evening at 7:30 o'clock where the exercises for our late brother, Joseph Heave will be held.

Per order,
CORNELIUS T. O'BRIEN, W. Pres.
JOHN M. HOGAN, Sec.

Must Be Prepared

"It would be foolish to deny that the situation is fraught with the gravest possibilities and dangers. No thought-

Continued to Page 5

THE Auditor's Report

recently made by Chas. C. Baran, Certified Public Accountant, to the Trustees of the

Merrimack River Savings Bank

417 MIDDLESEX ST.

shows that the Bank does not own, or have in possession, directly or indirectly, a single dollar's worth of foreclosed mortgage property.

The report further shows not a single loan in arrears in payment of interest. These facts are the best evidence of good management and a clean

Sound Bank

A Good Place for Your Savings

Now Paying 4%

Deposits received in all sums from \$1 to \$1,000

JAPAN HELPING MEXICO

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 26.—The cartridge-making machinery purchased from Japan has been unloaded at Manzanillo from the steamer Kotchiro Maru and will shortly be put in operation.

Two hundred Japanese experts accompanied the shipments in order to set up the machinery and operate it. The government hopes this machinery will make Mexico independent of other countries for ammunition.

SENATE TAKES UP NAVAL BILL

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The senate today took up the naval bill, temporarily displacing the revenue bill.

WHEAT FLOUR REQUISITIONED

MADRID, Feb. 26, via Paris.—The government has requisitioned wheat flour in Madrid and neighboring towns to the amount of 4300 tons.

No Peace Without Victory

No Peace Without CO-NATIONALISM

The People's Cause

Have you read it?

Continued on Page 14

The Event of the Season

CONCERT

— BY THE —
BOSTON QUINTET
Under the Auspices of Local Chapter
AMERICAN RED CROSS
Colonial Hall
March 1, at 7.45 P. M.
A limited number of tickets at Red Cross Headquarters, Eldredge Building
Morris Plan Bank, Shattuck St.
Board of Trade, Central Block
Lowell Electric Light Corporation, Market Street
Boy Scout Headquarters, Shattuck St.
A telephone call will reserve your tickets.



Interest Begins Saturday, March 3

Wethern's Boston

NEW STORE, MERRIMACK ST., COR. JOHN ST.

Opening Announcement Within a Few Days



For the Next Occasion

Now that Spring soon approaches with its transforming touch there will be a budding out of new-old desires and special occasions. The department store whose foresight is acknowledged is ready for these seasonable changes in merchandise that they require. Many things on the shelves are in normal demand, but others come and go. So, foresight being a widely recognized element in our service plan, we never neglect these differences in your demands upon us. To be well outfitted for the next occasion, first see our coats, suits, dresses, skirts and dresses. They're up-to-date and seasonable.

ROW OVER EMPLOYMENT OF DENTAL HYGIENISTS

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Feb. 26.—The action of the public health committee in making a favorable report on the bill permitting the employment of "dental hygienists" in private practice is likely to bring to public notice a row which has been going on for some time within the state board of dental examiners. Three members of the board are strongly in favor of the bill, one is opposed to it, and the fifth is said to be non-committal.

At the hearing on the matter last week Thomas J. Barrett of Worcester, who has served on the board for twenty-four years, and who in 1915 was elevated to the chairmanship, only to be demoted last year, explained uncompromising opposition to the bill, and incidentally charged certain of his colleagues on the board with breaking the law.

"Complaint has been made to me," he said, "that certain of these men who have spoken for this bill this morning are now employing dental hygienists in their private practice, notwithstanding the fact that they have taken their oath to uphold the law."

This brought a hot reply from George H. Payne of Boston, secretary of the board. He said it is a fact that certain dentists are employing assistants in their private practice, but before doing it they obtained advice from the most eminent attorneys in Boston that there is nothing in the law which prohibits the practice. He suggested that the Worcester dentist should be exceeding-

ly careful about making accusations that others are breaking the law. The bill which has caused the rumormongering is an innocent appearing piece of legislation. It seeks to amend an act passed two years ago, which permitted dental hygienists to be employed in private institutions. The pending bill strikes out the words "in private institutions," etc., and substitutes this language: "Subject to such rules and regulations as may be adopted" by the board of examiners. Its effect would be to permit employment of dental hygienists in private practice.

It is advocated by many of the leading dentists on the ground that graduates of dental schools who have not yet passed the examination for admission to regular practice are qualified to clean teeth, etc., and they should be allowed to do this sort of work, they say the public would be benefited through being permitted to have the services of competent men at rates lower than would be charged by the full-fledged dentist.

Dr. Barrett, however, insists that the bill would "destroy dentistry." He says a dental hygienist, once legally established in a dentist's office, will be permitted to do all sorts of dental work. He also contends there is no need for such legislation, because persons too poor to pay the regular dentist's fees may obtain treatment at lower rates or without charge by going to a public institution while those able to pay the regular fees should be made to do so.

The bill has been reported in the house, and a stormy debate is looked for when it comes up for action.

HOYT.

LOVE YOUR ENEMIES

Strong Sermon on the Untried Commandment by New Pastor at Highland Church

At the Highland Congregational church yesterday, the new pastor, Rev. Arthur S. Beale, preached on "Love Your Enemies." He said in part:

"Love your enemies. That is a strange doctrine, and it falls upon our ears with a shock. We ask ourselves, can we love one who hates us? On every side, men hate and seek to destroy and nations rise against nations, making our question seem impossible and we say, I cannot love my enemies. Therefore in reading the words of Jesus men put stoppers in their ears and blinders over their eyes and refuse to listen. To some, it seems like

a dream and they think Jesus was a great visionary and that his words are not to be taken too seriously. Others who hear it will not practice it because pride, greed, lust, envy and hate are already filling their hearts so full that Jesus' words cannot find a place to lodge and those sins make this the undesired commandment. Men prefer to hug to their hearts some secret desire, some gnawing hate, whim or appetite which spells death to themselves and to others instead of listening to Christ's words: 'Love your enemies.'"

Then, some are willing to accept the commandment with their lips but interpret it all out of shape until it becomes the distorted commandment. But now we hear Jesus say: 'Love your enemies; bless them that curse you; do good to them that hate you; pray for them that despitefully use you and persecute you.' That is His definition of love toward your enemies. In every field of labor for our Lord we must expect an enemy with some tares. But there is a treatment for such enemies which is Christian and one that is pagan. 'Love your enemies.'"

"We have called this 'the untried commandment,' but it is not wholly that. It may be untried to a large degree, but it has been proven and its exponents rank large in Christian annals. Not long after these words were spoken a young man of Jerusalem preached the doctrine of his Lord and when his foes swarmed out from the city to stone him to death, he knelt down and cried: 'Lord, lay not this sin to their charge' and then he fell asleep. From this example a multitude went forth to love their enemies. Turn the sacred pages of the immortal tales who loved their enemies until you come down to our modern times and look at two. In Africa where the slavers swung the lash and men sought forgetfulness in drink, on Nov. 26, 1877, the Lord's supper was celebrated on Lake Nyansa. On the shores of that mighty inland sea the swarthy tribes were sunk into the lowest degradation of riot and ruin. One generation passed and it was written: 'The war dresses of the world Angoni have long ago rotted on the village trees or been sold to travellers. These men are now messengers of the Prince of Peace, evangelizing the villages they used to raid.' This is the practical program of Him who said: 'Love your enemies.'"

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

INFORMATION DESK
AND FREE
CHECK
ROOM
STREET
FLOOR

ESTABLISHED 1875
Chalifoux's
CORNER

LADIES' REST AND WAITING ROOM SECOND FLOOR

Underpriced Basement Section

Children's Drawers, made of good cotton, lace and ham-burg trimmed, sizes 6 to 12 years. Special at15c

Children's Dresses and Rompers, Special at19c

Children's Middy Dresses, sizes 2 to 6 years. Special at 49c

Women's Black Near Silk Bloomers, all sizes. Special at49c

White and Colored Waists. Special at49c

Women's Night Gowns and Long White Petticoats, ham-burg trimmed. Special at 29c

Corset Covers, made with deep lace yoke. Special at19c

Women's Drawers, made of good cotton, ham-burg trimmed. Special at25c

Petticoats, made of the best quality gingham, extra large size. Special at69c

Bungalow Aprons made of best quality percales. Special at 39c

Gingham All-over Apron Dresses, made with elastic belt, closed back. Special at 59c, 2 for \$1.00

LADIES' NIGHT AT ROLLAWAY

"Tonight is 'ladies' night' at the Rollaway, and all ladies of Lowell and surrounding towns, are invited to skate free during the entire evening. Last week this plan of providing a special night for the ladies was inaugurated and it proved such a great success that Manager Moore has decided to make it a permanent feature. Arrangements have been made to accommodate a large number this evening, and all who enjoy this very healthful and indoor sport should avail themselves of the opportunity to spend an enjoyable evening without cost. On Wednesday evening a "Sweetheart party" will be held. There will be ten prizes distributed. Admission free.

LADY LOOKABOUT

The department of university extension, in a quiet way, is doing much work here in Lowell. Hundreds—nearly three hundred, to be more exact—have enrolled in correspondence courses, while two classes in English composition meet each week under the instruction of Dr. Percival M. Long of Harvard university. A class in interior decorating was formed a week ago at the Whistler house, and a class in dietetics is in process of formation. With the exception of the class in interior decorating, the classes were formed under the direction of the Lowell Teachers' organization.

The department of university extension plans to make Lowell a centre in this work, and it appreciates the assistance the local organization has given in bringing together the courses and the students.

Ungrateful Friends

With the ground again bare in spots, all my English sparrow friends have deserted me. My offerings of crumbs of bread, fragments of cracker, and an occasional bone, are scorned. They have returned to the natural diet. I was sure that their patronage of my bounty gave promise of flocks of birds coming to eat from my hand, to alight on my shoulder, or perch on my head. Already I had begun to feel like some stately classic maiden posing while some noted artist sketched her and called his masterpiece "Feeding the Birds." The fact that I wore a very modern sweater and the lightest of short skirts, that I wore no hat, and all my hope has left me, and I have had to take a most unpicturesque old barn broom and remove the debris from my piazza.

The Home Garden

France, in the absence of her men who are fighting in the trenches, has organized her young boys into little farming clubs. In the absence of their fathers, these boys are being trained to carry on the work of farming, and of supplying the hard-pressed people of their country with food. Each community, however large, however small, has its quota of farming clubs, and the boys are responding with a vim to the demands being made on them.

Here in our own country the example of these boys might well be copied. With the high cost of food assailing us on every side, the many pieces of tillable land within the city limits seem to carry a reproach to the purchasers of vegetables. Let the school and home garden, conducted by the pupils under the direction of Miss Alice T. Lee, supervisor of primary schools, have proved themselves such a success, that the little farmers may safely venture into larger fields.

Not school children alone, but many heads of families could well follow this plan. There are hundreds of vacant lots in the city, each a potential garden. These may well be filled this summer, and besides reducing the expenses of the family table, will insure fresh vegetables throughout the season.

Principal Mahoney's Lecture

It is with pardonable pride we learn that Principal John J. Mahoney of the State Normal school is to address the National Educational society at its convention in Indianapolis this week. Mr. Mahoney while still a young man, has already won for himself an unusual reputation as a successful teacher of elementary English, and Lowell is indeed fortunate in having him at the head of her leading educational institution.

Mr. Mahoney's address to the National Educational society has already been given in Boston and elsewhere, and has been received with marked favor by educators in general. His teaching of English in elementary schools, is an appealing one to teachers.

Mr. Mahoney has kindly consented to deliver this address before the Lowell Teachers' organization, March 1, the exact date to be announced later.

Matching Hats to Faces

One of the most difficult, yet most delightful tasks which falls to the lot of woman is the buying of a new hat. It is strange that when some other woman's hat is under observation, the observer can tell with one glance whether it suits the wearer, what is wrong with it, and just what kind of hat the person should wear. Yet when that same observer comes to purchase her own hat, the hat of sea, she fluctuates uncertainly between a sailor and

a turban, a round brim or a dipped brim. Lateral lines and longitudinal and the thousand and one shades of difference between the hat meant for her and the one meant for somebody else.

It has been found that the brim which dips a bit back and front is more becoming to the average woman than the perfect circle. Those of us who have access to Vogue have wondered why the straight, stiff brim which the French have exploited, has proved so unsatisfactory when worn by the American woman. The secret lies in the different shape of the face. For this reason the brim is either wide or omitted in orders for the American trade.

The new spring hats are unusually severe, especially in point of pose. No matter what the material, the curve, the splendor of the trimming, or the occasion on which the hat is to be worn, its head line is even and must be kept even.

Judging by the hats shown in the more exclusive shops, it evidently is not considered necessary to show the hair across the brow. It is not, however, possible to do it if one wears a hat correctly, and it is for this reason that all women are supposed to pull the hair forward in front of the ears, to give the hat a correct setting at the side.

There are absurd and extravagant ways of arranging these dog-eared, as they are called, and because of these prevailing extremes, conservative women dislike the touch, but it must be adopted in some measure, if one would look well in the correct hat of the season.

Many will welcome the passing of the metallic ornament so much seen during the winter. These were brilliant and effective, but my! how they aged one. No woman over 20 should dare to wear them. In the glare of daylight, they made the face below look hard and the skin grayish. No woman in a thousand can appear in the daylight with hard metal directly against the skin. Their very glitter seems to demand rouge and powder—or else the dark skin of the savage. So the introduction of soft ornaments, still glittering, but built on a shapable foundation, and shaping themselves to the bend and curve of the hat, seem to hold promise of making us look our best.

The round turban, so extremely trying, yet so confidently worn by many, is not to be seen anywhere. In its stead, there is an elegant turban with a rise in the upper line of the brim in the back which seems made just for the woman who loves this style of hat, but who cannot wear the round style.

The hats shown this season boast their American origin, and, put together, seem to be fitted much better to the needs of the American woman than the fashions which originated in France.

LADY LOOKABOUT.

PUBLIC INSTALLATION

A public installation of the recently elected officers of Branch St. Joseph, A.C.E., was held yesterday afternoon in Sacred Heart hall, East Pine street. The installing officer was Organizer J. N. Dupont of Nashua, and the officers inducted into office were as follows: Spiritual director, Rev. Joseph Denis; C.M.T. representative to the executive council, J. S. Lapierre; president, A. Allain; vice-presidents, J. H. and E. Morin; secretary-treasurer, J. Berger.

7-20-4

Factory output 1916—47,520,000. Increase over last year, \$355,000. Largest selling brand of 10c cigars in the world. Factory, Manchester, N. H.

on: marshals, J. Duchesne and D. Leandre, auditors, J. Sanscartier, J. Bordway and William Dunn.

LAWYER CHARBONNEAU
THEIR CHOICE

FRENCH-AMERICAN VOTERS SELECT HIM AS CANDIDATE FOR CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

An interesting meeting of the French-American voters of Wards 3, 6, 7 and 8 was held yesterday afternoon at the C.M.A.C. hall in Pawtucket street, the meeting being called for the purpose of selecting one candidate for the constitutional convention, Lawyer Henri V. Charbonneau being the choice of the assembly.

The meeting, which was largely attended, was opened at 2 o'clock by Joseph Payette and Maxime Lepine was chosen chairman. Mr. Lepine explained the purpose of the meeting and presented to the voters the two candidates, Lawyer Henri V. Charbonneau and Lawyer Arthur L. Eno. A ballot was taken and after the votes had been counted, Mr. Charbonneau was declared the choice of the meeting. Interesting remarks were made by several of those present, and as a closing number Mr. Charbonneau gave an interesting talk on the purpose of the coming convention.

POTATOES ARE BARRED AT CHICAGO HOSPITAL

OLD PEOPLE IN HOMES ALSO MUST GO WITHOUT—RICE SUBSTITUTED

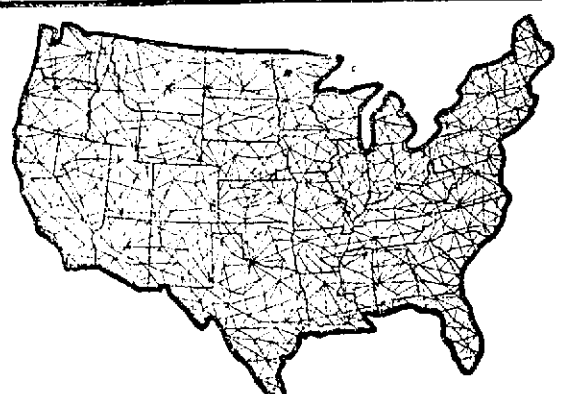
CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Potatoes were barred yesterday from the menus in the county hospital by order of the warden, acting on the recommendation of the health commissioner. They were dropped from the bills of fare at the municipal sanitarium the preceding day, also, on recommendation of the head of the health department. Rice will be substituted for potatoes at each institution.

A score or more of old people's homes and other public and quasi-public institutions also have prohibited or limited to special cases the use of potatoes. This announcement was made at a meeting of city and federal officers at which it was agreed to renew the investigation begun Saturday into the food conditions in cold storage warehouses.

Joseph P. Griffin, president of the board of trade, announced he had called a meeting Monday of grain men and persons in other lines of industry who are affected by the car shortage.

IN BOSTON

The Sun is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.



The Nerves of a Nation
Western Union wires serve the country as the nerves do the human body. These wires are the nervous system of the country's business.

WESTERN UNION
Service

flashes a message here—sends money there—and all with accuracy, safety and dispatch. Varied service for every need.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

LOWELL, MONDAY, FEB. 26, 1917

The Annual Sale of Vassar Muslin Underwear Samples STARTED TODAY

A SPLENDID COLLECTION OF THESE MOST SUPERIOR UNDERMUSLINS—HUNDREDS OF SAMPLE GARMENTS INCLUDING ALL THE NEWEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE MODEL GARMENTS BROUGHT OUT BY THIS WELL KNOWN MAKE—OFFERED TODAY—PRICED AT CLOSE TO ONE-THIRD BELOW REGULAR.

PETTICOATS

Petticoats in a large assortment of lace or embroidery trimmed, flounce cut very full, all have an underlay. Worth \$1.98. Specially Priced at \$1.00 Each

Petticoats with loops, made of satin cloth or best quality cambric, flounce of val, shadow, fisheye lace or embroidery. Worth \$2.50. Specially Priced at \$1.50 Each

Petticoats with deep flounce of lace, or beautiful embroidery, wide circular flounce, with trimmed underlay. Worth \$2.98. Specially Priced at \$1.98 Each

DRAWERS

Drawers, made of nainsook or satin cloth, either circular or straight leg, lace or embroidery trimmed, a large assortment. Worth \$1.50. Specially Priced at 50c

Drawers, made of satin cloth, circular or straight leg, trimmed with fine lace or convent edge embroidery. Worth \$1.50. Specially Priced at 79c

NIGHT GOWNS

Gowns in a large assortment of lace, plain hemstitched or embroidery trimmed, V, high or low neck. Worth \$2.98. Specially Priced at 79c Each

Night Gowns, made of nainsook, trimmings of val, fisheye or shadow lace, also crepe styles, trimmed with hemstitching and ribbon, in flesh or white. Worth \$1.98. Specially Priced at \$1.00 Each

Night Gowns in high, V, or low neck, some empire style, trimmed with fine lace or embroidery. Worth \$2.50. Specially Priced at \$1.50 Each

Night Gowns, made of the finest nainsook, with yoke and sleeves of shadow or val lace, in flesh or white. Worth \$2.98 and \$3.98. Specially Priced at \$1.98 Each

ENVELOPE CHEMISE AND COMBINATIONS

Envelope Chemise, with front and back trimmings of dainty lace or embroidery, in flesh or white. Worth \$1.50. Specially Priced at 79c Each

Envelope Chemise, trimmed the same front and back, with lace or embroidery, made of nainsook or witchery cloth, in flesh or white. Worth \$1.98. Specially Priced at \$1.00 Each

Envelope Chemise or Combinations, elaborately trimmed front and back with lace medallions and embroidery, made of the finest nainsook, in white or flesh. Worth \$2.50. Specially Priced at \$1.50 Each

CORSET COVERS

Corset Covers, a few in this lot with embroidery or lace trimmed. Worth 50c. Specially Priced at 25c Each

Corset Covers, made of lingerie cloth, trimmed the same front and back with lace medallions or embroidery, with or without sleeves. Worth 79c. Specially Priced at 50c

CAMISOLES

Camisoles in crepe de chine, satin or nainsook, trimmed with beautiful lace, or plain hemstitched, with or without sleeves, flesh or white. Worth \$1.50 and \$1.98. Specially Priced at 79c and \$1.00

CALLAWAY RAPS ARMY AND NAVY

Says Soldiers at Vera Cruz Massacred Women and Children

Turned Guns On Each Other — Says Press Hired to Force War

BOSTON, Feb. 26.—One of the most violent attacks upon the United States

TONIC FOR GROWING GIRLS

Most growing girls need a tonic, especially during the years when they are springing up most rapidly and when their appetites are most fickle. A diet of tea and candy will ruin any girl's chances of future happiness. A plentiful and scientifically correct diet might meet all requirements but this is next to impossible. Hence the need for a tonic. Almost every doctor's daughter is given a tonic during her period of rapid growth but because your daughter does not actually break down you do not call a doctor and she gets thin and pale, fidgets so that she cannot sit still on a chair, eats the wrong things, eats too fast, gets too little out-of-door exercise and perhaps faces St. Vitus' Dance, or a nervous breakdown. A great responsibility rests on parents and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best and most convenient tonic to aid them in bringing their daughters to healthy and happy womanhood. They supply needed elements to the blood, and enable it to meet the unusual demands upon it and help lay a foundation for future health. The price of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is fifty cents per box. Your own druggist sells them or they will be sent on receipt of price by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

army and navy ever heard in Boston was delivered by Congressman Oscar Callaway yesterday afternoon. Before an audience that filled Tremont Temple, he compared the marauding of Vera Cruz to a lot of drunken sailors who shot into one another and massacred women and children. He declared that all the Mexican soldiers had vacated and that the only ones killed by the American soldiers and marines in Vera Cruz were 200 women and children. Then the speaker depicted other brutalities which he charged against American soldiers, and in such manner did he portray them that the 200 men and women in the hall gasped in amazement.

He capped the climax of his attack by stating that even in peace times the actions of uniformed soldiers and sailors disgrace the nation.

Referring to the fact that he was a southerner, Congressman Callaway told of Sherman's march to the sea "trampling over American territory and the bodies of American brothers, burning Atlanta and violating every law of civilization." He told of outrages committed in the Philippines, charging that American soldiers forced water through pipes into the stomachs of natives until they were bloated to a point of bursting.

His address, in part was as follows:

Now Up to Congress

"Had we not better stand by ourselves than stand by the president? Was this government founded on the idea that each of us should stand by somebody else or stand by our own interests and judgment? The president has gone to the end of his tether and now it is left for congress to act and not the president."

"Let me tell you something about our American congress. It is a weathered barometer. It will do what the American people want it to do just as President Wilson wants to do what the bulk of American people would have him do. The president has said that he would rather know what people are thinking at their quiet residences than the conversation in cloak rooms and corridors of congress."

"Let us take him at his word. The newspapers are telling him what to do. They are not perfectly honest. When the House was sunk a week or two ago, didn't the Boston and New York papers come out with flaring headlines that the overt act had happened and that an American had been killed? Do you remember the small statement appearing later that a little colored gentleman had been killed and that he was not an American?"

"When I see all newspapers heading in one direction for war it causes me to pause and consider. Newspapers are run to make money and they cannot run unless they make money. Frank Munsey, who controls the New York Sun, is one of the biggest owners of

steel and also of war bonds. James Gordon Bennett of the New York Herald is in Paris, where all his interests are centered.

"The munition makers hired 12 newspaper men to come to New York and work out a scheme to control the press. By a process of elimination both human and divine our soldiers will act as they always have acted ever since there were any soldiers. The police are trained to control, organize and govern people. Soldiers are trained to kill people."

"There is a lot of talk about German atrocities. All the German people I ever knew were law-abiding, painstaking and studious folks; just as good as English people in spirit and action. All people are the same until they are organized into a mob."

"Aren't we a set of beasts? After sending out a message to Europe urging nations there to forgive one another and overlook the blows struck and the lives lost and make peace, here we are agitating for war ourselves. We fear that we will be called weaklings if we refuse to allow citizens on ships, when England set a precedent in the Russian-Japanese war by refusing passports to her citizens."

"Would it be an example of bravery and courage to unite with four or five against one, as in the present trouble, when that one cannot get out from beneath and no one can get in. It is like a hanging where every one in the mob wants to get a whack at the victim. Of course, an injury has been done, but why not be as big nationally as individuals?"

"Let the American people speak out and set a Christian example. Christ suffered and blazed the way for a religion that has spread the world over. Don't let congress think that newspapers portray popular opinion and for God's sake keep these meetings going."

CALLS IT INSULT

Sedgwick Replies to Callaway's Attack on President and the Army and Navy

The following statement was issued by Alexander Sedgwick of the American Rights League following the Tremont Temple mass meeting at which Congressman Oscar Callaway of Texas spoke.

"It was an insult to the intelligence and patriotism of the Massachusetts people who believe in supporting President Wilson in our nation's crisis to invite Callaway to speak here. Callaway is notoriously a white flag coward and it is because he has been utterly to back up the president and endorse the latter's moves for preparedness that the people of his district in Texas retired him to private life in the last election."

"On March 4, Callaway, having been tried and found guilty by the people of his home town of Comanche and gone to work. He is a native of Harmony Hill, Ruak county, Texas, and if there is anything in a name perhaps that will account for his extreme pacifist ideas. He will be succeeded in congress by another man who can be called 'Support President Wilson and Preparedness' and it is therefore evident that we must not judge the other people of the district by what Callaway has said and done."

"He declared in his address today that the only Mexicans killed by our forces when Vera Cruz was captured were 200 women and children and that a lot of drunken sailors. It is such statements as these that have discredited Callaway. He reiterated again the declaration made in the house last week, editorial policy of 25 of our great newspapers had been bought by the munition manufacturers for the purpose of forcing us into war. Callaway was offered \$1000 to name one such paper and he failed to do so. This offer still holds good and either he is falsifying or he does not need the money."

"Callaway has fought preparedness from the first. He is a 'little navy' man and steadily opposed the battle-ship program and favored a limited number of submarines. He voted against tabling the McLemore resolution warning Americans of merchant ships of the belligerent nations, which was a vote for the resolution and in favor of Germany. He recently offered a resolution providing for a referendum on the question of war and opposed the pending revenue bill on the ground that if the preparedness program should be cut down, additional taxes would not be necessary."

"Callaway, on Feb. 12, was one of three democrats who voted against giving the president power to command the munition factories. He was in time of war. The other two were Buchanan and Bailey. All three are pacifists; all three voted against the president on the McLemore resolution and all three have been defeated in re-election."

"Five resolutions, possibly more, have been introduced in the house calling for a peace referendum. Callaway, Buchanan and Bailey have each introduced such a resolution and Buchanan is under indictment for urging workmen in the munition factories to strike. Callaway was one of the 22 congressmen to vote against the navy appropriation bill the other day."

"Thank heaven we will soon hear the last of him as a congressman."

People War-Crazed

"There are some people who are war-crazed, and I for one would be willing that they should go over and enlist with the allies or the Teutons and get their stomachs full. You know that old stuff about standing by the president is something that back in history our fathers fought to get rid of."

"The Germans keep on standing by their Kaiser as they have done in the past two years they will all be buried. The old idea of standing by someone was shot to pieces in 1776, and now they are trying to revive it. You never saw any mob in your life that had any sense of patriotism or bravery."

"What can we accomplish by going to war? The allies claim to have complete control of the seas, and can we add anything to that? The credit of the allies is still good and they have got all the money they can concentrate on the battle lines. The only thing we can do is to underwrite with the blood of American citizens the bonds that have been bought from the allies. And we can part with American principles and traditions."

No Lawful War

"Talk about the freedom of this country! Should the espionage bill now before congress go into effect a man couldn't talk at all unless it suited the military authorities. No car could be given more authority and yet they say that we are a great people."

"The army never acts in accordance with law. No war has been waged in accordance with law. I am a southerner, and I think you are a splendid people up here in the north. But do you remember Sherman's march to the sea, when he burned Atlanta and violated every law of civilization? He answered his critics by saying that war is hell."

"In the Philippines they put pipes into the natives and forced them full of water, calling it the water cure. How many Mexican soldiers were shot

when Vera Cruz was taken? The 200 Mexicans killed were women and children. Our troops shot into one another like a lot of drunken sailors. Even in times of peace the soldiers in uniform cannot act decent."

"If we go into war now we will violate every rule of civilized warfare. Both human and divine. Our soldiers will act as they always have acted ever since there were any soldiers. The police are trained to control, organize and govern people. Soldiers are trained to kill people."

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Khattaks are Dandies of Indian Army

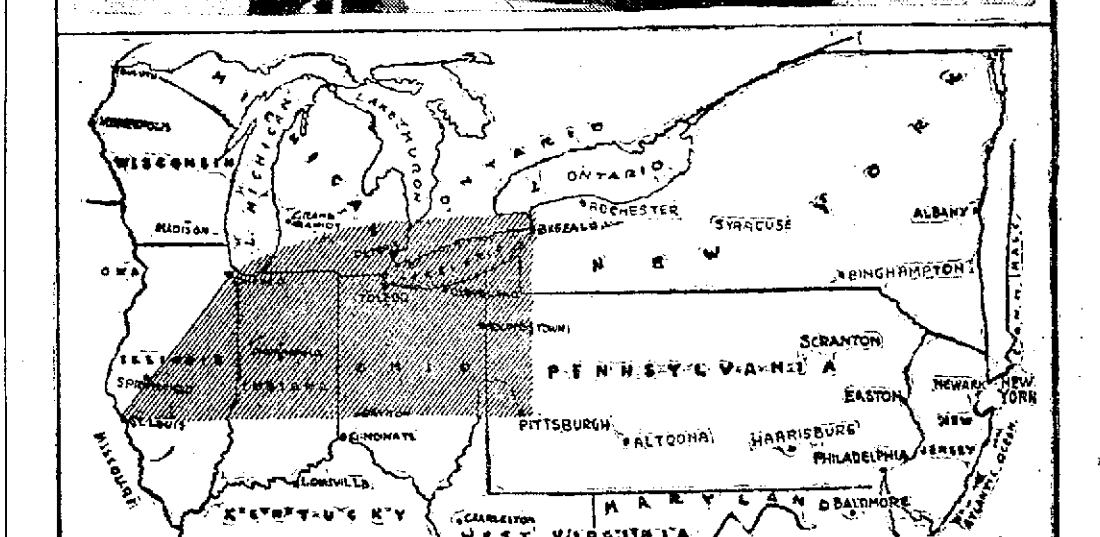
BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN MESOPOTAMIA, Feb. (British eyewitness).—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—The Khattaks are the dandies of the Indian army. They are like the Celts of the British army, reckless, generous, imprudent, merciful, altogether a friendly and responsive sort of people, but with the queer kink that one finds in all Pathans, that primitive sensitive point of honor or shame which puzzles the psychologist.

The Khattaks kept their spirits up all through the hot weather. They are too lively to let a drop of sweat on the drum and oboe sound they soon start calling and make their work fly. The Khattaks are as responsive to the oboe as the Highlanders to the bagpipe, but they are more demonstrative. It is a good thing to be near when the Khattaks riders leave camp. At the first sound of the drum and the oboe they break into a wild (triple) shriek, rattling off, perhaps, with the balbala, the Pathan imitation of the gurgling of the camel.

These tribesmen are easily excited, seldom dispirited, and if so only for a short time. Their eagerness is sometimes a positive danger during an attack. At Sheikh Said it was difficult to hold the Khattaks company back while the regiment of their left was coming up; they were all for going ahead and breaking the line; and in the end it was a premature sortie of the Khattaks that precipitated the assault.

Old Sher Khan, a typical Khattak, the other day killed eight inside the

WAR, WINTER, LABOR SHORTAGE COMBINE TO TIE UP COUNTRY'S FREIGHT AND CARS



FREIGHT CAR CONGESTION IN EASTERN YARD AND MAP SHOWING WHERE FREIGHT IS CONGESTED

The congestion of freight, blamed, at least in part, for the present high prices of food and other commodities, is a nation wide condition, a traffic, industrial and commercial problem such as the country has not faced before. It all began with a suddenly inflated manufacturing activity, for which the war was almost solely responsible. This made an unprecedented carrying load for the rail systems and called for the guidance of freight through channels enough different from the ordinary courses to present in itself an enormous problem. The problem, by makeshift measures largely, was on the point of solution when incidental hazards crowded in.

regimental lines a rival for his wife's affections, and he could not have done anything else. The man's offense carried its own sentence in the minds of all decent-thinking Khattaks. Before the deed the subadar-major begged the adjutant to get the rival, Sher Gul, well away before the night; otherwise, he said, there would be trouble, but the adjutant could not look into the case until the next morning. In the meantime, to safeguard Sher Gul, the adjutant saw that twenty stout men slept around his bed.

The subadar made it fifty, but to no avail. At one in the morning the adjutant was called out quietly to see the remains of Sher Gul. His head was lying on the edge of the bed, a bullet embedded in the skull. He had been killed with fifty men sleeping around him. They had all slept like the dead, and nobody had heard the blow. There was no evidence against Sher Khan whatever; public opinion was on his side.

"Zam, Zam and Zam"—land, women, and gold—according to the Persian proverb, are at the bottom of all our trouble, and with nine Khattaks out of ten, it is Zam.

The Khattak thinks no end of his personal appearance. He dresses to kill, and loves to go and parade in the town in his gala kit. He will spend hours over his toilet, hearing at himself in the glass all the while without a trace of self-consciousness, though his neighbors may be almost as interested in the performance as he. Then, with his hair neatly oiled and trim to the level of the lobe of his ear, he will stride forth in his flower-waistcoat of plum color or maroon velvet with golden braid, spottish white baggy trousers, a flower behind his ear, a red handkerchief in his pocket, a cane in his hand, and for headgear a high Kohat lungi with yellow and green ends, and a kula covered with gold.

Every Khattak is a bit of a dandy. In his country a showy exterior betokens the gallant in both senses of the word. A woman of parts will not look at a man unless he has served in the army or is at least something of a buccaner.



I can enjoy myself again since Resinol Soap cleared my skin

When my complexion was red, rough and pimply, I was so ashamed that I never had any fun. I imagined that people avoided me—perhaps they did! But the regular use of Resinol Soap—with a little Resinol Ointment just at first—has given me back my clear, healthy skin. I wish you'd try it!

Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment are sold by all druggists. For samples of each, free, write to Dept. A-S, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

the map reproduced herewith, for instance. Industrial plants in this great manufacturing section (just as elsewhere) rapidly increased output until many were working night and day. This doubled both incoming and outgoing freight. It also doubled the demand for coal and labor. Under favorable circumstances freight facilities were taxed.

Then came a prolonged cold snap. Two weeks of zero weather bunched the nerves of the freight system in Chicago. There was deep snow at Buffalo and Black Rock, among the most important of freight connections. At Detroit the river froze and four great freight carrying systems could make the crossing only through a tunnel adequate for one.

Railroading in severe weather calls for more coal, more locomotives and more men. In spite of increased output at the mines there was a coal shortage, for industrial plants were demanding coal and paying the price as never before. The very sluggishness of their own choked systems made it difficult to get what coal there was, and, railroad men relate, the coal they did receive was poor in quality, which meant less steam. Locomotives were not numerous enough for the emergency and the munitions makers had a corner on the lumber market. Thus freight handlers were at a premium and switch points froze. In the picture are shown freight cars tied up in a great railroad yard.

Meeting with little real resistance, British troops have pushed forward on a wide front, occupying Serre village and several other important points further west.

Router's correspondent at British headquarters in France sends a description of how the Germans are shortening their line in the Amre valley.

He says the decision to do this was evidently arrived at some time ago, and that the recent German activity during the long spell of hard frost meant that the Germans were steadily withdrawing their guns and breaking up their ammunition dumps near the front line.

The correspondent adds that apparently the German retreat was carried out in a series of about three miles, and that they employed obstructive tactics without resorting to rear-guard's actions.

The British successfully varied last Saturday evening east of Vierstraat (Belgium) on a front of 500 yards. The troops remained in the German trenches for an hour, inflicted heavy casualties, destroyed several dugouts, a mine shaft and three machine guns, and captured 50 prisoners and one machine gun. The British also captured the enemy's positions during the night east of Arrondissement.

A German raiding party reached British trenches early yesterday morning east of Ypres under cover of a heavy bombardment. The raiders were immediately ejected with loss.

That the British forces operating in Asiatic Turkey have retained their gains of the week in the Samarqand positions is shown by the official communication issued by the war office last night.

In the first assault on Thursday the British captured two lines of trenches on a frontage of 400 yards and to a depth of 60 yards in the Samarqand positions.

They gave have all been consolidated, in spite of six desperate counterattacks by the Turks, one of which was temporarily successful.

In addition, a further assault on Turkish first and second lines to the north was successful, although heavy Turkish counterattacks retarded British progress temporarily. In the end the two first lines of trenches were firmly held by the British on a front of 500 yards.

BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 26.—Five men were instantly killed, 15 injured, some seriously, and three are missing as a result of a snow slide Saturday night at the North Star mine, near Halley, Idaho.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 26.—Four persons were killed and three injured, two seriously, in a wreck on the New York division of the Pennsylvania railroad near Bristol at 2:30 a. m. yesterday. All the victims except J. E. King, an engineer, were attendants in charge of two cars of thoroughbred horses. Seven of the horses were killed.

Ten cars of west-bound freight train were derailed and an east-bound train of express cars crashed into the wreckage, demolishing a number of the freight cars, some loaded with rolls of paper.

The wreckage caught fire and a score of freight and express cars were destroyed. All four tracks were blocked for 12 hours.

CREWS OF BRITISH SHIPS

LONDON, Feb. 26.—Lloyd's reports that the crews of the British steamships Isler and Belgier, the sinking of which has been announced, have been landed.

RICHARD KEEFE DEAD

BOSTON, Feb. 26.—Richard Keefe, a probation officer of the Suffolk county superior court since 1893, died today in his home in the Brighton district. He was 69 years old.

END INDIGESTION OR STOMACH PAIN IN FIVE MINUTES

"Pape's Diapiesin" Makes Sick, Sour, Gassy Stomachs Feel Fine

Time it! In five minutes your sour, acid stomach feels fine. No indigestion, heartburn, or belching of gas, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapiesin is noted for its speed in sweetening upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain stomach tonic in the whole world and besides, it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now can their favorite foods without fear they know Pape's Diapiesin will save them from such misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and enjoy it without dread of acid fermentation in the stomach.

Pape's Diapiesin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family out something which doesn't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement due to fermentation and acidity, at day-time or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest, surest relief known.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Beginning Today, Monday SPECIAL SALE OF Damaged Sheets and Pillow Cases

Only 150 Dozen Damaged Sheets, in sizes 54x90, 61x90, 72x90, and a few larger sizes; by a little mending these sheets can be made very serviceable. All at one price, 3 for \$1.00

Only 40 Dozen Extra Quality Sheets, size 51x90, made with three and one inch hem, subject to slightly broken selvages, regular price \$1.00. Sale price.....85c

End Centre Aisle

BASEMENT BARGAIN DEPARTMENT Dry Goods Section

MERCERIZED TABLE DAMASK—36 pieces of fine mercerized table damask in a large assortment of new patterns; a 50c quality, but being slightly damaged by water we offer the lot at.....35c Yard

HUCK TOWELS—100 dozen huck towels, slightly soiled by water, extra heavy quality and good size, 12 1/2c value, at.....10c Each, 3 for 25c

DOMEST FLANNEL—Bleached domest flannel, remnants, good quality, with nice soft nap. 10c value on the piece, at.....7c Yard

BLEACHED DOMEST FLANNEL—36 inches wide bleached domest, extra heavy quality, usually sold on the piece at 15c yard, at.....12 1/2c Yard

FINE CAMBRIC—About 30 pieces of fine cambric, 36 inches wide, slightly soiled on the selvage, a 15c value, at.....12 1/2c Yard

PILLOW TUBING—Three cases of pillow tubing in large remnants, 36, 40 and 42 inches wide; excellent quality, worth 15c to 22c yard. Only.....15c Yard

UNBLEACHED COTTON—One bale of the best quality unbleached cotton, 36 inches wide in large remnants, 15c value on the piece, at.....10c Yard

ART DENIM—2000 yards of art denim, remnants, 36 inches wide, best quality, good colors, 35c value on the piece, at.....25c Yard

BED SPREADS—200 heavy crocheted bed spreads, full size in several new designs, \$2.00 value, at.....\$1.45 Each

MEN'S FURNISHING SECTION

MEN'S SOFT HATS at \$1.50—For \$2.00 and \$2.50 value—60 dozen men's soft hats, factory samples in the latest shapes and the new colors, hats usually sold at \$2 and \$2.50, at.....\$1.59 Each

MEN'S FLANNEL SHIRTS—Made of plain and twill wool flannel, gray and khaki colors, Congress make, \$2.00 value, at \$1.50 Each

Black, white, tan, pearl gray and blue, heavy quality, with double soles and high spliced heel and toe, 39c value, at.....25c a Pair

APPROPRIATIONS FOR CATHOLIC SUB-DEPARTMENTS AT CITY HALL

The following tables will show at a glance the differences between the 1916 expenses and the 1917 appropriations in all of the sub-departments of the city government.

It will be seen that the largest increase comes in the appropriations for

PUBLIC SAFETY

Expense 1916	Appropriated 1917
Mayor	\$ 4,481.66
Smoke Inspector	336.47
Fish and Game Wardens	150.00
Pound Keeper	5.00
Animal Inspector	510.00
Charity	101,380.73
Mothers' Dependent Children	32,874.09
Health Office	27,955.32
Health Yard	62,171.22
Milk Inspector	3,399.38
Law	5,488.37
Police	168,746.72
State Aid	26,079.33
Insurance	4,749.82
School Inspector	800.00
Band Concerts	602.69
Waterways	1,832.68
Auto Ambulance	1,631.00
Police Auto Patrol	915.00
Total	\$455,542.15

FINANCE

Auditor	\$ 6,152.57	\$ 6,200.00
Assessors	15,795.31	15,800.00
Auditing	1,500.00	1,500.00
City Clerk	8,280.07	9,200.00
Elections and Registrars	18,377.05	20,000.00
Purchasing Agent	7,558.89	7,800.00
Civil Service Registrar	348.26	350.00
Treasurer	13,898.31	15,500.00
Total	\$ 71,008.45	\$ 74,500.00

STREETS AND HIGHWAYS

Street Maintenance	\$155,599.52	\$170,000.00
Street Sprinkling	25,888.97	27,000.00
Street Lighting	120,919.40	123,000.00
Pensions	936.75	1,000.00
Engineer	15,954.81	16,000.00
Sewer Maintenance	14,952.15	16,000.00
Total	\$334,251.60	\$344,600.00

FIRE AND WATER

Fire	\$191,619.07	\$218,000.00
Fire (Special)	18,380.51	7,553.00
Total	\$209,999.58	\$225,553.00

PROPERTY AND LICENSES

Buildings	\$ 62,691.05	\$ 68,000.00
Messengers	1,450.96	1,500.00
City Hall	18,164.02	19,870.00
Moths	8,495.20	7,500.00
Rifle Range	994.47	1,195.00
Sealer	3,606.07	4,036.00
Weigher	807.90	810.00
Wires	2,579.68	2,680.00
License Commission	3,999.66	4,030.00
Comfort Station	5,296.31	6,200.00
Buildings (Special)	5,120.26	3,600.00
Totals	\$113,505.58	\$115,821.00

MISCELLANEOUS

Memorial Day, G. A. R.	1,000.00	1,000.00
Memorial Day, S. W. V.	400.00	400.00
Memorial Day, S. of V.	150.00	150.00
Labor Day	1,199.23	1,200.00
Columbus Day	1,197.88	1,200.00
Fourth of July	482.74	625.00
Liquor Licenses	35,835.00	36,000.00
Claims, Workmen's Comp. Act	17,170.74	15,000.00
Soldiers' Graves	350.00	350.00
Veteran Firemen	100.00	100.00
Totals	\$ 69,979.37	\$ 68,325.00

EDUCATION

Schools	\$426,900.59	\$467,000.00
Vocational School	32,443.13	33,000.00
Total	\$459,343.72	\$500,000.00

PARKS

Expense 1916	Appropriated 1917
Parks	\$12,185.00
Playgrounds	2,199.75
Other Work	2,249.98
Totals	\$16,634.73

FIXED CHARGES

Expense 1916	Appropriated 1917
Sinking Funds	\$ 30,500.00
City Debt	320,717.30
Interest	155,237.35
Totals	\$506,454.65

The sum of \$10,004.82 was appropriated for the Textile school, against an expense of \$8,942 last year. The library was given \$17,500, against an expense in 1916 of \$23,330.66.

SELFISHNESS THE GREAT SIN OF AMERICA

Y.M.C.A. BOYS HEAR INTERESTING ADDRESS BY STATE BOYS' SECRETARY

One of the best meetings of the Y.M.C.A. boys' conference was held yesterday afternoon at the First Congregational church, when about 600 boys listened to a splendid address by H. W. Gibson, state boys' secretary for Massachusetts and Rhode Island.

Mr. Gibson spoke on "The X-Ray," and declared that the great sin of America today is the sin of selfishness. In part the speaker said:

"You can look over all the sins you know of, and every one of them is directly connected with selfishness. 'I, myself, and me.' That's it. Take the man who smokes, and pushes out a big cloud of smoke from his pipe or his cigarette. He doesn't care whether there are persons who dislike the smell of smoke or not. He will stand in a crowded doorway and push it out. This is a free country. He's an American citizen. It's a plain case of selfishness. And take the man who drinks. Does he consider the likes or dislikes of others? Not at all. He considers just what he wants, his own selfish self.

You know, boys, selfishness is the great sin of America today. Making money, while thousands and hundreds of thousands are being made miserable over in Europe. And yet we show that we have contributed nine millions to help the war sufferers. We are charitable, yet our business men have sold goods valued at \$31,000,000 to help them. Who wouldn't give nine millions, even if he had to borrow it, if he could sell \$31,000,000 of goods?

Alcock PLASTERS

The World's Greatest External Remedy.

Backache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Any Local Pain.

Insert on Having ALL "CK'S."

Throughout the archdiocese of Boston yesterday Catholics contributed to the annual "Peter's Pence" collection at each mass. The priests read a circular letter from Cardinal O'Connell, in which he cited the conditions prevailing in Europe and the lack of funds that would naturally come from Catholics of those countries.

The cardinal pointed out that the demand upon the pope because of the conditions abroad would be far greater than in normal times, and he urged people to be as generous as possible, in order to make up in part the deficit on receipts from Europe.

The response in this city appeared to be very generous, and the collection in this diocese, it is thought, will be far in excess of former years.

The annual mission for the married women of St. Louis' parish opened last evening with a congregation that filled the church. The service was opened by Rev. E. J. Vincent, who recited the rosary and gave the necessary instructions, while the sermon was delivered by Rev. E. R. Deschamps, O. P. of Fall River. The service was brought to a close with benediction of the blessed sacrament. Rev. Fr. Vincent officiating. The married women's retreat will be continued every evening this week, services to be held at 7.30 o'clock. It will be brought to a close Sunday afternoon. Next week will be for the unmarried women.

Rev. Mederic Magnan, O.M.I. of Cap de la Madeleine, Que., is the missionary in charge of the annual retreat for the parishioners of Notre Dame de Lourdes, which opened last evening. The first week is for the women and the next will be for the men. Special services will be held every morning and evening and the mission will be brought to a close next Sunday.

A two-weeks' mission for the members of St. Patrick's parish opened last evening. The first week is being devoted to the women of the parish and so large was the attendance at last evening's service that both the upper and lower churches were thrown open. The retreat is being conducted by the following members of the Vincentian order: Rev. F. J. Brady, Rev. T. A. Gorman, Rev. M. P. Dougherty and Rev. R. J. Landers of Springfield. The evening services throughout the week will be held at 7.30 o'clock, while masses will be celebrated at 5 and 8 o'clock every morning.

The parish mass at St. Patrick's church yesterday was celebrated by Rev. Joseph A. Curran, while the sermon was given by Rev. Fr. Brady. At the 8.30 o'clock mass the members of the Boys' sodality received communion in a body. The celebrant of the mass was Rev. Fr. Gorman.

At all the masses at the Immaculate Conception church yesterday announcements were made that a two-weeks' mission will be started on Sunday, March 11, the first week to be for the women and the second for the men.

At the 7.30 o'clock mass at the Immaculate Conception church yesterday the members of the senior branch of the Children of Mary sodality and the junior branch of the Holy Name sodality received communion in a body. Rev. Owen P. McQuaid, O.M.I. was the celebrant and he was assisted in giving communion by Rev. Denis A. Sullivan, O.M.I. The parish mass was celebrated by Rev. William Mahan, O.M.I., and the sermon was given by the pastor, Rev. Lawrence F. Tighe, O.M.I.

Rev. J. F. Lynch celebrated the 8 o'clock mass at St. Michael's church yesterday and at this mass the members of the Boys' sodality received their monthly communion. The parish mass was celebrated by Rev. Henry M. Tattan, while the sermon was given by Rev. Francis J. Mullin.

The monthly communion for the members of the Girls' sodality of St. Peter's church took place yesterday morning at the 8.30 o'clock mass, which was celebrated by Rev. P. L. Crayton. The parish mass was celebrated by Rev. W. George Mullin, while Rev. D. J. Heffernan delivered the sermon.

At the 7.30 o'clock mass at the Sacred Heart church yesterday the members of the Children of Mary sodality received their monthly communion. The celebrant was the pastor, Rev. John P. Flynn, O.M.I. The parish mass was celebrated by Rev. William P. Haley, O.M.I., while the sermon was given by the pastor.

Rev. D. J. Hally, pastor, celebrated the 8.30 o'clock mass at St. Columba's church yesterday and at this mass the members of the Children's sodality received communion in a body. The parish mass was celebrated by Rev. T. W. Buckley.

The parish mass at St. Margaret's church yesterday was celebrated by the pastor, Rev. C. J. Galligan, while Rev. W. H. O'Connell was the celebrant of the early masses.

Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O.M.I., and Rev. James P. McDermott, O.M.I., started a two weeks' mission at St. Thomas of Aquin church, Montreal, Canada, yesterday.

Rev. William J. Stanton, O.M.I., and Rev. Robert McCoy, O.M.I., started a two weeks' mission at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament in East 74th street, New York city, yesterday.

On next Sunday Rev. John P. Flynn, O.M.I., Rev. William P. Haley, O.M.I., and Rev. John P. Brian, O.M.I., will open a two weeks' mission at the Church of the Immaculate Conception at Marlboro.

And yet they call us magnanimous and charitable. "Selfishness is the sin that is undemitting us. We wear good clothes, we live well; we go about with an air of 'look at me,' just like a pouter pig, on swelling up. But it's selfishness, the great sin, the sin which is the root of all the others. The others are mere by-products of it. That's a form of selfishness. Do you think pure thoughts, do you talk pure words, do you act in a pure manner? Remember that purity is a very wonderful thing. You are to be judged by it later on in your life. Any boy of 15 knows how easy it is to say 'yes' and how hard it is to say 'no.' Yet, it's the saying of 'no' that stamps you as a boy worth while, as one who is casting off that selfishness which we must so guard against."

AMERICAN CHICLE COMPANY
Reg. U.S. Pat. Office

The Licorice Gum

KITTY GORDON says: Adams Black Jack is a favorite with me. The licorice flavor is simply immense.

Kitty Gordon

ERNEST GREENWOOD KILLED BY AUTO

Ernest Greenwood, aged 42 years and living at 19 Garnet street, was struck and fatally injured by an automobile operated by Harry Lamontagne in Middlesex street about 11 o'clock Saturday night. Death resulted about an hour after the accident occurred. The operator of the automobile was taken to the police station where he was looked for manslaughter but was later released on bail.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use for Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*

to the street and before the operator could apply the brakes the car struck him. The machine was stopped and the injured man was picked up and a doctor and the ambulance were summoned. But before the arrival of either an automobile passed through the street and the owner upon learning of the accident volunteered his services and hastened the injured man to St. John's hospital.

Everything possible to save the man's life was done at the hospital but death resulted about one o'clock. The automobile operated by Lamontagne is owned by Michael Ansara of 93 Suffolk street.

SANITOL

TOOTH POWDER & PASTE

Keeps the Teeth White and Healthy

Greenwood was employed at Davis' stable and is survived by a wife, Clara, his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Greenwood, two brothers, Leonard and Philip, Greenwood and one sister, Georgiana, Greenwood of Franklin Falls, N. H. The body was taken to the undertaking rooms of C. H. Molloy Sons.

Lamontagne, who was out on bail, appeared in court this morning and when arraigned on a complaint charging him with manslaughter entered a plea of not guilty and by agreement of counsel the case was continued for two weeks. He was held under \$1000 bonds.

THE GREAT WHITE EMPIRE

The lecture to be given by Dr. Peter MacQueen in Colonial hall Wednesday evening next is said to be the most interesting of the series of travel-studies by this illustrious traveler and author, who has already been heard two or three times in Lowell on other subjects. In his war lecture Dr. MacQueen gave some Russian views but the one next Wednesday evening is a gripping story of his travels through the great empire of northern Europe including Siberia and the cities of St. Petersburg, Moscow, etc. Many beautiful and interesting views are shown. The lecture is under the auspices and for the benefit of the Lowell Children's home, one of the city's most worthy charities. The Honorable city council will enlighten the occasion with some of their taking songs.

FINE AUTO DISPLAY
Feindel's, local agency for the Wil-

lys-Knight and Overland cars, will continue through this week the automobile show which they opened at their ware rooms on February 22nd. Attendance has been good, yet it was apparent that many desirous of visiting during the show exhibit were unable to be present during the very few days of display, hence the continuation. All of the newest, together with the most novel cars are arranged in pretty array in the spacious exhibition rooms on Central street, near the square. The public has been invited to attend.

ASK FOR and GET

HORLICK'S

THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK

Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price.

KRYPTOK

THE INVISIBLE BIFOCALS
CASWELL OPTICAL CO.
39 MERRIMACK ST.
Established 1899

NEW YORK'S RECENT BIG ICE CARNIVAL SHOWS POPULARITY OF WINTER SPORTS



Photo shows finish of half mile race at recent carnival. Irving Reiner, second one from left, winning.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—All doubt about the widespread popularity of outdoor winter sports in New York city was dispelled when a crowd of more than 20,000 attended the ice carnival given under the auspices of the department of parks at Van Cortlandt park

lake recently, afternoon and evening. Not in many years has a winter sport most of such proportions been held in the city. Not only was the lake crowded with skaters, but the shores of the pond were packed with spectators who came on the subway as well as in limousines to see the skating races, the fancy skating, curling and hockey. All the speed skaters of the metropolitan district and scores of novice racers

from the elementary and high schools were there to compete for medals and prizes. Carriers, young and old from the Caledonians, St. Andrews, Thistle and Kircubray Curling clubs gave exhibitions of the ice game which is so popular with the Scotchmen. Not the least attractive part of the carnival was the race for women which attracted several pretty misses who could glide over the ice swift enough to leave many of their older brothers behind.

employed by the insurance company. Dr. Tighe replied that he had done a lot of work among people in Lowell



DR. M. A. TIGHE

and found that they were extremely careful in the selection of a doctor. "Many of the people in Lowell," said

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE HEARS DR. M. A. TIGHE

Local Physician Says Injured Workmen Should Employ Their Own Physician

Special to The Sun
STATE HOUSE, Boston, Feb. 26.—Dr. M. A. Tighe of Lowell appeared before the judiciary this morning in favor of a bill to permit injured workmen to employ their own physician in case of injury under the workmen's compensation act.

physician in their own home than if taken to a hospital and cared for by a strange doctor. (Continuing, Dr. Tighe said: "The family physician knows all the peculiarities of his patient's makeup. He knows the treatment that will meet with the most ready response, and the patient will recover much quicker if treated by his own physician." It was stated that the workmen in many cases might not be able to select a physician as competent as the man

Dr. Tighe, "go to the out-patient departments of the hospitals, but the same results cannot be expected from such treatment as would be expected if they had been treated by their family physician."

McNamara on Deck
William McNamara, secretary of the Lowell No-License league, appeared before the committee on legal affairs this morning in favor of a bill to reduce the number of licenses to sell intoxicating liquors from one to each 1000 to one to each 1500. HOYT

SOUTHERN IDAHO IN GRIP OF SEVERE STORM

ATTEMPTS TO RECOVER BODIES
OF FIREMEN WHO LOST THEIR
LIVES SUNDAY ABANDONED

BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 26.—With all of southern Idaho in the grip of one of the worst storms of the winter attempts at recovering the six undiscarded bodies of the fifteen men who lost their lives Sunday in the snow slide at the North Star mine near Halley have been abandoned. Of the fifteen injured, three may die. The heavy, wet snow, which was still falling over most of the state today increased the danger of new slides.

RISES FROM PRIVATE TO BRIGADIER GENERAL

LONDON, Feb. 26.—Colonel E. Hill, who has been promoted to be brigadier general of the Canadian forces, has risen from a private. He joined the British army in 1882, and saw active service in the Boer war, during which he was wounded three times. He secured his captaincy, and after serving in the Cape mounted and the Canadian contingents, he settled down to farming.

U. S. BARK ATTACKED BY U-BOAT

GALENA SAVED BY SUDDEN AP-
PEARANCE OF BRITISH DESTROY-
ERS

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The American bark Galea, which arrived here today from Bremen, France, was fired upon by a German submarine Nov. 27 and was saved from possible destruction by the sudden appearance of two British destroyers, according to officers of the vessel.

The Galea, the officers said, left New York Nov. 1, with a cargo of oil for France. When about 20 miles off Havre, the submarine came up and fired the shots. The Galea stopped, and the officers were preparing to go to the U-boat with the bark's papers when the destroyers were sighted coming toward them at full speed. The submarine immediately submerged.

DOG BADLY HURT
Driver of Auto That Hit Family Pet
Did Not Stop to Offer Any Assistance

Somebody's automobile put a little dog out of commission in Paige street about 10:30 o'clock Saturday night and that somebody is going to be called upon to make answer for running away and leaving the poor little fellow unprotected and unassisted in the street.

The dog is the property of Mr. William Scott, the well known tobacco dealer. Mr. Scott is also the exalted ruler of the Lowell lodge of Elks. The dog has been a family pet for years and Mr. and Mrs. Scott were both very much attached to the little fellow. He went out of the house between 10 and 10:30 o'clock Saturday night and had been gone less than ten minutes when the automobile struck him. A neighbor who witnessed the accident apprised Mrs. Scott of what had happened and the dog was taken into the house. The man who witnessed the accident said that the driver of the automobile didn't stop, nor even look around, but Mr. Scott's neighbor managed to get the license number of the machine. Meanwhile the little dog is hovering between life and death and Mrs. Scott is almost heart broken over the injury to her little pet.

REV. FR. McKENNA

Noted Missionary Who Died at Jacksonville at Age of 82 Was Well Known in Lowell

By the death of Rev. Charles H. McKenna at Jacksonville, Wednesday the Dominican order loses one of its great missionaries. Fr. McKenna bore the titles of venerable patriarch and apostle of the Holy Name society. Fr. McKenna was 82 and was ordained a priest in 1867 and for 40 years was a Dominican missionary in all parts of the United States. During his active work he was referred to by Cardinal Gibbons as the greatest missionary this country has ever produced. In later years Fr. McKenna devoted all his time to the work of the Holy Name society, one of the strongest Catholic organizations, which now has a membership of 1,500,000. He became ill two years ago and about three months ago was compelled to go south for his health.

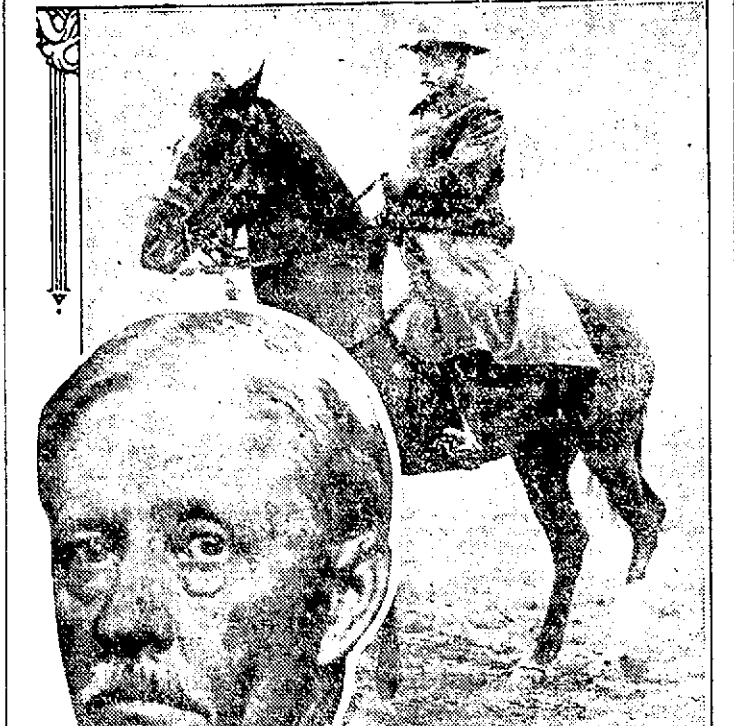
Rev. Fr. McKenna was well known in this city by members of the Immaculate Conception parish, for on various occasions he preached in this city. His last visit to Lowell was about eight years ago, when he preached the annual mission at the Immaculate Conception church.

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ENGINEER
STEVENS, JOHN A. 004

Several fine offices are still vacant and will be rented to desirable tenants at reasonable rates. Apply to William J. Finnegan, building manager, Room 101.

QUESTION OF TRAINING RECRUITS ENGAGES ARMY MEN'S ATTENTION



COL. CABELL (mounted) and GEN. CHAMBERLAIN

quickly training a mobile army in an emergency.

First—The territory of the United States to be divided according to population into as many districts as there are regiments of regular infantry, cavalry and field artillery, exclusive of those serving abroad.

Second—Each regular regiment of infantry, cavalry and field artillery to be transported to a selected training center in a district and there, under direction of its colonel, train four other regiments of its arm, at the same time being itself filled to war strength.

Third—For this training the colonel would use all of his trained officers, non-commissioned officers and other enlisted men to the best advantage.

Fourth—At each training place would be gathered the recruits from the district, and wooden cantonments would be erected for their shelter.

ARMED NEUTRALITY IS DESCRIBED BY EXPERTS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Armed neutrality is described by authorities on international law as military measures for the purpose of defending rights of neutrals against threatening infringements on the part of a belligerent. It has generally concerned more than one power and the most striking historical instances of armed

between Russia, Denmark, Sweden, Holland, Austria and Portugal. They formed a league which under the name of armed neutrality undertook to preserve inviolate the maritime rights of neutrals. These declarations were recognized by the treaty of peace between Great Britain and France and were the established law of nations when the United States in 1793 was recognized as an independent by the powers of the world.

The last time the United States was in a state of armed neutrality was during the war between France and England which ended with the downfall of Napoleon.

After many acts against American commerce bound for England, France on Jan. 18, 1793, decreed that every vessel found at sea loaded with merchandise produced in England or her possessions could be made a prize.

Many American vessels were seized and in June, 1793, President Adams began to obtain from congress broad authority to protect American commerce and to put the United States in a better position to make war if it became necessary.

In rapid succession laws were made to increase the naval armament, to raise a provisional army, to arrest and expel aliens, to authorize the defense of merchant ships against French war vessels and to enable the president to borrow money.

DEMAND BONUSES

Members of Crew Refused to Sail on American Ship—Vessel Anchored in Harbor

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The American steamship Vigilant, which cleared for Havre Saturday is anchored in the harbor today unable to sail for lack of a crew. After the vessel left her pier thirty-five of her 45 men went over the side into a tug because the owners refused to meet their demands for large bonuses. According to reports the deck force demanded 75 per cent increase in wages and those in the engine room an increase of 100 per cent.

AMERICAN COMPETITION

Cotton Manufacturers Urged to Give Attention to Trade of Bengal, India

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—American cotton manufacturers are urged in a commerce department report issued today to give attention to the trade of the presidency of Bengal, India, which the report declares, buys \$100,000,000 worth of foreign made cotton goods yearly, as much as the entire imports of South America, and 10 per cent of the world's cotton trade. Rising production costs in England, which heretofore has supplied most of Bengal's goods, makes American competition possible, according to the report.

FOOD PROBLEMS IN GERMANY

LONDON, Feb. 26.—Adolf von Batocki, president of the Food Regulation board, discussed food problems with the reichstag's advisory committee on Saturday according to an Amsterdam despatch to Reuters. Explaining the plans for the coming year, Herr Batocki said that available stocks were scant and must be carefully managed. He added that the use of bread grains for fodder must be prevented.

Herr Batocki announced the intention of the food board to fix the price of potatoes for the entire year at five marks a hundred weight, except in the west and south of Germany where it would be six marks. He emphasized the importance of a supply of bread grains and potatoes for everybody and milk for children at least.

DOGS CHEAP AT \$800 A POUND FIGURING ON STARS AT RECENT NEW YORK SHOW



The layout shows some of the prize dogs exhibited at the recent show, 1, Rounder; 2, Chow Chow Chubby and his exhibitor; 3, Mine Gold Glory; 4, Filax, German wolfhound.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—If people who have been kicking about the high price of beef, onions and potatoes knew the selling price of dog flesh at Madison Square Garden recently they would have a yelp coming.

If, for instance, one were in a position where you simply had to have a bit of Yorkshire terrier it would cost \$800 a pound. If you were not so particular, though, and could manage to get along on St. Bernard for awhile

as you may have to do, that could be bought for something like \$250. If purchased in bulk, on the hoof, a 240-pounder of this variety could be had for \$5,000. That happens to be the price placed on Colonel Jacob Ruppert's Boy Blue, the most massive animal in the show.

The Yorkshire terrier just quoted at \$800 a pound belongs to Miss Ruth McBride and is known as Little Beauty.

In giving the quotations on expensive dog flesh it is impossible to present accurate figures on Matford Vic, the champion of all champions. Vic is a wire-haired fox terrier, owned by Mrs. Roy A. Rainey, but wouldn't stand \$100,000, enough to be weighed. Matford Vic's price, though, broke down the scales. Mrs. Rainey declared positively that she would not take \$10,000 for the champ. This dog has the remarkable record of having won two all-around championships in as many years. That is to say, that of all the champions Vic was adjudged the champion champion that walks on four legs.

The most valuable dogs in the show, when regarded as a class, were the German sheep dogs. There are quite a number of them on exhibition, and several sold for \$1,000. They are the dogs that are frequently used as police assistants and the demand for them is far in excess of the supply.

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Night and Day

Rents Are Very Low
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A liberal discount will be made to tenants occupying two or more offices.



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The Lowell Sun Office
10 Merrimack St.

United Cigar Stores Co.
2 and 8 Merrimack St. and 9 Prescott St.

Postal Telegraph Co.
8 Merrimack St.

C. H. Glidden, Barber
11 Prescott St.

J. A. Delorme, Hatter
15 Prescott St.

All street floor premises have rear entrances from the main corridor.

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ELLISON, DR. D. J. 311
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HILDRETH, CHARLES L. 807
HILL, JAMES GILBERT 811
MARBLE, FREDERICK P. 807
REGAN, WILLIAM D. 803
RING, WILLIAM D. 604
SILVERBLATT, BENNETT 803
SHERRBURNE, RAYMOND R. 811
VARNUM, HAROLD A. 411
WALSH, RICHARD H. 411

STENOGRAPHERS

COONEY, MISS MARY 510

DRESSMAKERS

OUELLETTE, MISS ANNA 701

CHIROPODISTS

O'BRIEN, WILLIAM 407
SAUNDERS, MISS CLARA M. 008

TEACHER OF PIANO

SAVAGE, MISS E. D. 007

MISCELLANEOUS

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, Income Tax Department 400
HEATH, CAROL E., Interior Decorator 000
LOWELL DENTAL LABORATORY 301
QUINN, JOHN F., Const. Office 003

INSURANCE

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO. 409
MASSACHUSETTS BONDING & INSURANCE CO. 304
METROPOLITAN LIFE INS. CO. 708
NORTHWESTERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. 711

BANKER

BUTTRICK, W. F. 711

LADIES' HAIR DRESSERS

HENNESSY, MISS K. F. 002
MCKEON, B. D. & W. C. 209
ENGINEER
STEVENS, JOHN A. 004

FEBRUARY

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

Southern Div.				Portland Div.			
To Boston		From Boston		To Boston		From Boston	
Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
5.28	6.51	2.55	3.38	6.31	7.26	9.15	10.33

8.25	7.26	8.00	7.03	7.54	8.15	10.50	11.53
6.47	7.30	26.23	8.17	9.40	10.33	11.99	12.65
66.38	7.53	7.18	8.21	10.55	12.07	3.90	4.41
6.57	8.06	7.45	8.31	12.05	1.73	5.14	6.13
7.21	8.55	nb8.21	9.34	3.42	4.41	6.03	7.05
57.28	8.46	8.45	9.49	5.14	6.44	6.40	7.57
1.56	8.87	9.00	9.39	7.07	8.15	9.49	11.14

8.58	9.37	9.30	10.09	10.15	11.38
89.22	10.38	11.30	12.03		
9.27	10.25	12.30	1.38		
10.19	11.35	11.05	1.38		
10.53	11.50	1.00	3.10		
11.08	11.45	3.00	3.47		
12.15	1.08	68.44	5.00	6.47	7.30
				8.45	9.47

21.27	2.40	4.00	4.88	7.21	8.08	9.30	10.09
1.50	2.30	54.14	5.34	8.25	0.31	11.30	12.09
2.30	3.25	5.00	5.20	9.14	10.08	1.00	1.59
53.30	4.10	55.21	6.57	10.20	11.17	5.50	6.21
2.55	4.25	5.38	6.29	2.52	3.53	7.16	8.20
4.15	5.26	55.51	7.10	5.10	6.00	8.20	8.38
8.25	8.09	6.14	7.23	6.28	7.10	8.20	9.05

8.56	8.36	8.00	8.28	8.15	8.57	8.20	10.23
16.02	7.16	8.30	3.08	8.45	9.58	10.29	11.35
6.22	7.06	9.80	10.45	9.15	10.10		
8.18	8.87	10.80	11.37				
3.45	10.31	11.40	12.26				

Portland Division

8.50	8.30	8.00	9.18
12.07	1.15	12.00	1.00

2 Via WU.	12.07	1.1
at a rate of	8.50	5.0

3. All box numbers commencing with three, are located in the lower Highlands, extending from the depot to Wilder street and from Hale street along the line of Western avenue and Pawtucket canal to Pawtucket street.

4. All box numbers commencing with four, are located in the Ayer's City and Bleachery districts, extending from the cemetery northerly to Hale street and from Chelmsford street easterly to Concord river.

2 All numbers commencing with five,
are located in the upper Highlands
and Middlesex Village.

3 All numbers commencing with six,
are located in Centralville.

4 All numbers commencing with seven,
are located in Pawtucketville.

5 All numbers commencing with
eight, are located in Belvidere.

LOST AND FOUND

PAIR OF SPECTACLES lost between
turbid st. and White st. via Bliss
court. Finder please return to 81
White st. Roward.

FEMALE FRENCH POODLE found
Saturday afternoon, Feb. 17. Owner
at home same by calling at 53 Leo
st. After 6 p. m. Inquire for Mr.
Leahy.

BLACK PURSE found last Wednes-
day. Owner may have same by pay-
ing.

GENTLEMAN'S POCKETBOOK containing large sum of money, lost Thursday night, 15th from Lakeview St. Bridge, Alton and Moody sts. Return 361 Moody st. Reward.

BLACK POCKETBOOK BILFOLDED—containing sum of money lost in vicinity of corner, Merrimack street and 19th st. Reward if returned to South News Co., or 17 Nineteenth st.

LADY'S LEATHER HANDBAG containing ticket to Claremont, N. H. keys and envelope with owner's name. Found in ladies' room B. & M. depot, Sunday at 2 p. m. Return to ticket agent at station. Reward.

FOUND—McClunnon's, the Prescott

WANTED

PARTNER for undertaking business wanted by an old-established Boston undertaker. Leave business, take branch office. \$1000 to \$2000 required.

TO LET

STORE to let at 481 Lawrence st. inquire at 419 Lawrence st. Tel. 152-M.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let, steam heat, use of phone. 355 Cross st. Tel. 129-M.

NICE STORE to let; Pleasant, corner Amherst st., rent reasonable. Tel. 1558-W.

FARM AND HOUSE of 3 rooms, also barn to let at Wamecet, on trolley line. Tel. 1558-W.

4 AND 6-ROOM TENEMENTS to let at Walker Place; \$8 and \$10 per month. Inquire 364 Madison st.

OFFICE—Large office, 34 by 14 feet on the second floor of the building, at Center st., good usage and location, for rent. Will be part-loaded off to suit a desirable tenant and will be rented or leased at a very reasonable rate. Apply to Building manager, 401 Sun Bldg.

FOR SALE
UPRIGHT PIANO for sale, full size, only \$200, 747 Northlawn St.
ELEVEN NEW WINDOWS never used, for sale cheap. Apply 30 Blossom St.
OLIVER NO. 7 TYPEWRITER for sale, little used, nearly new. Will guarantee one year. May be seen at 1000 Congress St., Boston, Rm. 10.

BEST PLAYER ROLLS for sale at
Mounsell's, Tol.
VARIETY AND TOBACCO STORE
for sale, at 45 John st.
LUNCH CART for sale cheap. Doing
good business. Inquire of T. F. Lutz,
141a DuPont st.

IN BOSTON

The Sun is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

